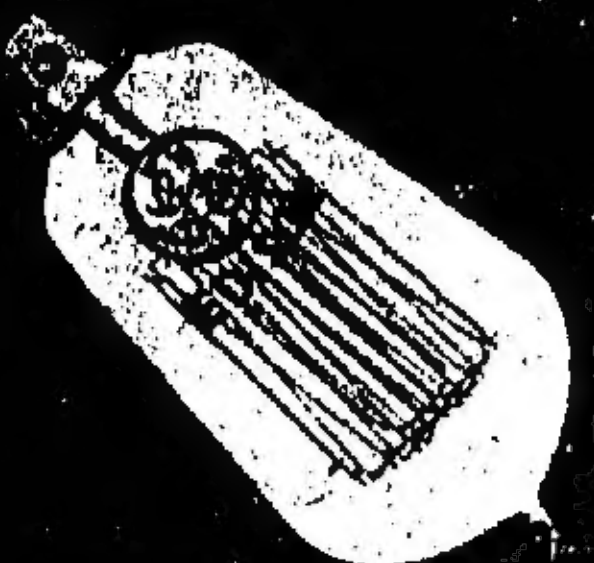


EDISON LAMPS



FROM ELECTRICAL DEALERS

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1881  
No. 12,000

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TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1921.

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## THE BRITISH NAVY.

### SMALLER BUT MORE EFFICIENT.

#### Proposals for Co-operation with the Dominions.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, March 14.

The Naval Estimates for 1921-22 amount approximately to £91,000,000 gross and £82,500,000 net, compared with £105,000,000 and £91,000,000 in 1920-21. The economies include a reduction in capital ships in full commission from 20 to 16, the placing of one Atlantic Destroyer Flotilla in reserve, the reduction of the North American and South African Squadrons by one light cruiser each, complete temporary withdrawal of the South American Squadron, and the reduction of the personnel to 121,700. Eight obsolescent capital ships will be transferred to the disposal list, thus reducing the number of capital ships on the effective list to 30, including the Australian ship Australia, of which 14 will be in reserve. A sum of £2,500,000 is included in the Estimates as a first instalment for the replacement of capital ships.

London, March 14.

A Memorandum issued with the Naval Estimates shows that non-recurrent war liabilities amount to £3,250,000, including £3,250,000 for the completion of light cruiser aircraft carriers, destroyers and submarines begun during the war.

The Admiralty, in pursuance of its duty in carrying out the Government's policy of the One-Power Standard, has effected drastic economies and agreed to assume risks which, in ordinary circumstances, it would regard as difficult to reconcile with the full maintenance of the Government's declared policy. After detailing the economies, the Memorandum says the reduced Navy must be maintained at the highest possible efficiency; hence the battleships Hercules, Colossus, Neptune, St. Vincent, Collingwood, Temeraire, Bellerophon and Superb have been transferred to the disposal list. Of the 30 capital ships on the effective list, the older types are becoming obsolescent and cannot be reckoned as efficient fighting units for more than a few years. The need of their gradual replacement by modern ships embodying the lessons of the war can no longer be disregarded. It must be remembered that no capital ship has been laid down or completed since 1915. It is obvious that the ships of the reduced Navy must be up-to-date and most efficient. Therefore, £2,500,000 has been included in the Estimates as a first instalment for the replacement of ships.

It cannot be too strongly emphasised that in making a long-delayed beginning in the replacement of obsolete ships, the Government neither commits itself to nor contemplates building programmes in answer to those of any other Power. Indeed, the Government trusts that it may be possible, as a result of frank and friendly discussion with the principal naval Powers, to avoid anything approaching competitive building. Meanwhile it would be a dereliction of duty to allow the efficiency, training and morale of the Navy to deteriorate through neglect to provide it with material equal to the best and in which we can feel confidence. It is also imperative to avoid irrevocable loss of time in building facilities, which might make it impossible to maintain sea security if threatened.

The Imperial Conference in June will give a welcome opportunity for discussing fully with the Dominion representatives the problem of naval policy in relation to the Empire as a whole, and for consideration of suggestions for mutual co-operation. The lines on which it is proposed to proceed are towards the development of Dominion Navies under administrative and executive command of their own officers, each separate Navy being the responsibility of its own Government and imbued with the particular characteristics and spirit of its own people, all, however, working in close co-operation under the guidance of a common doctrine. If war occurred in which the Empire as a whole participated, the various component Navies would work in harmony on a general strategic policy previously decided. To ensure such intelligent co-operation, common principles of command and staff work are required. This can only be developed by a uniform system of staff training. It is proposed gradually to progress in this direction by the appointment of Dominion officers to the Naval Staff, the Admiralty arranging for a certain proportion of Dominion officers yearly undergoing a naval staff course at the Staff College. It is finally hoped to reach a position where the Dominion navies themselves will be able to establish their own Staff Colleges working on the same lines and system as the Home Staff College. The machinery required to apply these tentative proposals to the Imperial Navy policy cannot be indicated until considered in conjunction with the Dominion representatives.

## GERMANY'S MERCANTILE MARINE.

### A Scheme of Reconstruction.

Berlin, March 14.

The Reichstag has ratified the agreement between the Government and shipowners sanctioning a total grant of twelve milliard marks for the reconstruction of the Mercantile Marine. The shipowners pledge themselves to build at least one-third of their former tonnage within a decade. Eight milliards of the sum has already been handed over.

## U.S. NAVY'S LOCATION.

### Question of a Huge Base in the Pacific.

Washington, March 14.

Mr. Denby, interviewed by Reuter, declined to deny reports that the Navy Administration contemplates concentration of the entire Fleet in the Pacific with a view to the creation of huge naval base at Oahu, Hawaii. Apparently the question is still undecided. A special session of Congress is being called for April 11.

## REVOLT AGAINST THE SOVIET.

### Movement Among Cossacks.

Paris, March 14.

Official advices from Constantinople record that an insurrectionary movement in the Caucasus is gaining ground. The Don Cossacks revolted en masse, and General Budienny informed the Soviets that he is unable to lend assistance against the rebels because the majority of his regiments are themselves composed of Cossacks.

## INTERNATIONAL "SOCCER."

London, March 14.

The Association football match at Cardiff between England and Wales ended in a goalless draw.

## THE ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST GERMANY.

### British Commercial Opinion.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, March 14.

The British business view of the economic sanctions against Germany is the theme of a special article in the Times, which declares that the scheme of applying a part of the purchase price of the imports from Germany towards the discharge of her liabilities and thrusts a stick into the complicated mechanism of commerce and manufacturers, warehousemen, merchants, banks, accepting houses, and bill-brokers are exeging it askance. They opine that the scheme at worst may result in the total cessation of German imports; at best it may so hamper imports that they will be appreciably reduced in volume and raised in price.

### Sanctions Criticisms in Parliament.

London, March 14.

Criticisms passed by certain sections of the Press and in other quarters as regards the soundness of the Allied commercial sanctions were echoed in the House of Commons debate on the Reparations Recovery Bill. Labour and Liberal members especially condemned the measure on the ground that it will increase the cost of living in Britain and will injure our export trade. Moreover, the yield will be incommensurate with the dangers and difficulties entailed. Mr. Lloyd George replied that if Germany honoured the Allied receipts which will be given German sellers against half the purchase price of goods exported to the Allies, the Bill will work smoothly; but, in the event of her refusal, the Bill would operate as a penalty excluding German goods from Britain.

### German Government's Protest.

Berlin, March 14.

The Government has protested to the Council of the League of Nations against the sanctions.

### French Premier's Confidence.

Paris, March 12.

The French Premier, who arrived this evening from London, expressed extreme satisfaction at the results, also at the utmost cordiality of the reception he met with everywhere. M. Briand expressed absolute conviction that Inter-Allied solidarity is more than ever necessary—a fact which is the keystone of his policy, and which Britain understands quite well too. Upon leaving London, in an interview with a representative of the French Press, M. Briand laid stress on the atmosphere of mutual confidence which permeated the Conference owing, he said, to Mr. Lloyd George's prudence and moderation, M. Briand concluding: "I know no other statesman who possesses such a keen political sense."—Vale.

## THE NEAR EAST SETTLEMENT.

### Turkey's Gratitude to France.

Paris, March 12.

Following the signature to the Franco-Turkish agreement, Bekirsami Bey, the Kemalist delegate to the London Conference, in an interview with a representative of the Petit Journal, stated that Turkey will never forget that the happy results reached in London are due to a large extent to France's friendly intervention. Bekirsami Bey expressed the hope that a formal alliance may soon be concluded between France, which rules over millions of Moslems, and Turkey, the most human and enlightened of Islamic nations.—Vale.

## THE LYONS FAIR.

### Mr. Kellaway's Speech.

Paris, March 13.

Lyons Fair is proving again an unqualified success this year. A number of distinguished visitors have just arrived, notably Mr. Kellaway, of the British Board of Trade. In an address at a luncheon given in his honour by the Municipality, Mr. Kellaway stated that the maintenance of the closest union between Great Britain and France was a necessity for both, and overshadowed all other questions pertaining to world-reconstruction.—Vale.

## HARNESSING THE RHONE.

### Great Industrial Undertaking.

Paris, March 13.

M. Millerand has left on a tour of the inspection of the great works undertaken for harnessing the Rhone River above Lyons, whose industry, after completion of the works, is expected to receive a tremendous impulse owing to the cheapness of electric power.

## LATEST SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

### SHANGHAI GODOWN FIRE.

### No Further Danger Expected.

Shanghai, March 14.

No further danger is anticipated from the godown fire, although the high wind and the falling walls necessitate large details of firemen being continually on duty. The stocks are nearly all removed from the eighth godown.

## TO-DAY'S CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

Peking, March 14.

It is said that the Government has been unofficially informed that the dispute in regard to Shantung province be directly negotiated with Japan, the repayment of debts may be postponed, the Vladivostok incident may be settled amicably, and the present Cabinet will be placed in a stable condition.

A report states that Hoktu is now being attacked by a large force of Russian soldiers.

Shanghai, March 14.

The Government's financial improvement scheme has been approved by all the Tsuchun, and will be promulgated. In compliance with a request made by the Chinese in Ecuador, the Government has decided to create a Chinese Consul General in that country.

Chang Jek-ka has made an appointment with Tan Kwan to meet him in Peking for the purpose of dealing with the Army disbandment question.

(Other Telegrams on Page 1.)

## CHINESE CREW'S WAGES.

### An Interesting Claim.

An interesting claim for wages was heard this morning in the Supreme Court before His Lordship Mr. Justice H. H. J. Gompertz.

It was a claim brought by Chun Ah Fook and twelve others of the crew of the s.s. Segoya against the Standard Transportation Company, who are represented in Hongkong by the Standard Oil Company.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster, instructed by Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz, appeared for the plaintiffs, and the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock and Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. Wilkinson, represented the defendants.

There were no pleadings in this case. It was alleged that 22 men were engaged for a voyage from the port of New York to the Orient, thence to and from, for a period not to exceed 18 months, at the American rate of wages and 60 cents per hour for overtime.

Mr. Alabaster stated that the Standard Transportation Company had submitted to the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Hongkong to try the action. Shortly, the facts were these. In August or September, 1919, the Segoya, which had left Hongkong in the previous June, was rather short of crew. It was not unusual that Chinese crews engaged in Hongkong when they got to American ports deserted the ship because they got American ships with American scale of wages. In September, the Segoya was in New York, and the Captain undertook to engage all the plaintiffs, and others, and the terms of their agreement were arranged by a Captain Tucker, on behalf of the Company, with a boarding house keeper named George Wong, who was agent of the plaintiffs. The terms agreed between the parties were contained in a memorandum which was signed by the Captain. It took the form of a letter and was written on the Standard Oil Company's paper on September 4, 1919. It ran somewhat as follows: "I agree to engage 22 men who are now residing in the boarding house, on board the Segoya on a voyage from New York to the Orient and thence to and from for a period not exceeding 18 months, at the American rates of wages as follows."

The agreement then recited the scale for the different members of the crew. It was then that the memorandum signed by the parties to the agreement was agreed to. The steamer left New York and proceeded to Colombo, Calcutta, Rangoon and Hongkong, and then, of course, it was found possible to get men at lower wages, and the defendants tried to pay off the crew at Hongkong. The thirteen defendants refused to sign off and take their wages.

Mr. Pollock:—I hope it is not intended to infer that it was in the nature of a trick.

Mr. Alabaster:—I did not use it in the sense of a trick.

Continuing, Mr. Alabaster stated that the Company found that they could get a crew at a lower wage and tried to put these men off. The number actually who signed on at the beginning was 15, one of whom died on the voyage, and a carpenter agreed to be paid off in Hongkong, while the others did not and brought the present action.

The Chief Justice:—What is the matter under dispute? Not the rate of wages?

Mr. Alabaster:—The defendants have paid into Court the wages of the men.

The Chief Justice:—The only point is the right to discharge in Hongkong on her first arrival here.

Mr. Alabaster said that as far as he knew the case of the defendants was that the only agreement between the parties was contained in the ship's articles to which the plaintiffs had assented, it was said. He submitted that being the defendants' case, they would have to prove that, in spite of that letter, the plaintiffs agreed to be discharged in Hongkong on their first arrival. They had to prove that notwithstanding that the Captain, which is a

the Company admitted, that at some subsequent date the plaintiffs signed the articles and that they were bound under the articles so signed. The plaintiffs did not know, moreover, that they were signing such a contract.

The Chief Justice:—Prima facie, second agreement will not come before the first.

Mr. Alabaster:—They have to show that we assented to it and how much was assented to. It is for the defendants to prove the articles.

The Chief Justice:—I think it is left to you to show that you have not signed it.

Mr. Alabaster:—They have called evidence.

The Chief Justice:—They have not called evidence here.

Mr. Alabaster:—My people are in this position. Mr. Wong, on their behalf as a boarding house keeper, fixed the terms with the Captain. They went on board and they received wages at American rates for about four days and they went to the Consulate at New York, and under the peculiar rule of the Consulate the boarding house keeper was not allowed in.

The Chief Justice:—It may be a very good thing.

Mr. Alabaster:—There one of the clerks explained something to the men. Our case is that what was explained was the scale of wages. They did not understand that they were to be discharged in Hongkong on the first arrival of the boat. I submit that it is quite unlikely that this was read to them.

The Chief Justice:—Well, you have to call your evidence.

Mr. Alabaster pointed out that there was a clause inserted in the agreement which read "in Hongkong." That was several months before the plaintiffs were engaged. It was inserted on June 13th. That change would commence the trip in Hongkong, and not New York. It was to commence and terminate in Hongkong and it was to continue up till 12th June, 1921. That was the maximum date of the voyage. The plaintiffs were engaged in New York on September 4th for a voyage from the port of New York, for a period of 18 months, which would expire on March 3, 1921. The reason why the period of time was different was that the Captain expected to be back in New York again before finally returning to Hongkong, and that was why the maximum period for this voyage was limited to expire in March, 1921.

The Chief Justice:—Under the letter the voyage was to expire in New York.

Mr. Alabaster:—The clear intention of the parties was that it should expire in New York. They had liberally changed the port of starting and reduced the time.

Mr. Pollock:—I hope your Lordship will clearly understand the position of the defence.

The Chief Justice:—I do not think it is necessary for me to understand your position.

Mr. Pollock:—Our position is that the letter of 4th September is not binding.

Mr. Alabaster:—They have not said that before. What I say, my Lord, is that there was an agreement binding in the memorandum, signed by the parties. There was no reason why that particular clause should be read to them, because it was not applicable to them.

Furthermore, all agreements with seamen must be construed as beneficial to seamen. It must be made quite clear if they are relying upon these articles the plaintiffs assented to them. The plaintiffs will say that they never understood that and it was not explained to them.

The case is proceeding.

## To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar, on demand, to-day was 2s. 4½d.

## The Weather.

2 p.m. Barometer—30.07. Temperature—44. Humidity—44.

## Lighting-Up Time.

Lighting-up time to-day is 6.55.

## THE DOLLAR.

### Up—Then Down Again.

The steady rise in exchange during the past two days is viewed with satisfaction by everyone. Bar silver has gone up and this has been reflected in the better rate now ruling for the Hongkong dollar. On Saturday the sterling rate of the dollar improved a farthing; yesterday it ascended another penny, and to-day the market opened strong, the dollar being quoted a farthing better than the closing rate of yesterday. It again fell a farthing in the afternoon. This morning silver was up ¾d. for ready and ¼d. for forward. The ready rate is 33½d. There is no change in the U.S.-London cross-rate.

It is expected that the heavy insurance claim on the enormous quantity of silk destroyed by the fire at Shanghai, necessitating the insurance companies in London remitting the money to China to meet these claims, will stiffen the market.

It is stated that a well-known Chinese bank which last year converted a portion of its capital into sterling and purchased £300,000 will shortly be in the market for silver and will sell its sterling holding.

Before the reaction the Chinese speculators indulged in profit-taking. They sold out all that they had bought, and are now waiting for the rate to decline a little before buying. It may be remarked in passing that many Chinese speculators did well last year in exchange.

Although the market outside is easy, money is tight in the Banks. This is due to the fact that the Banks have overbought, and during the last few days some of them have been selling to get cash. Hence it is not expected that there will at present be any sharp changes in the exchange rates.

Money is also tight among Banks in Shanghai, the position being identical to that in Hongkong. There is no change in the rate of the Tael to-day.

After the tiffin recess the rate declined a farthing. This was due to Chinese buying orders both here and in Shanghai. The market in the afternoon was quiet.

## News in To-day's New Advertisements.

Messrs. Lane, Crawford and Co. advertise that they can quote inclusive prices for sending parcels of tea to any place in the United Kingdom.—Page 3.

Mr. Frederick Thompson, L.D.S., Dental Surgeon, has removed his offices to the Mercantile Bank Building.—Page 4.

Messrs. Lammet Bros. will sell 16½ boxes of Tinspoon, tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 p.m.—Page 4.

St. Andrew's Church Men's Association are giving their third concert in the Church Hall, Kowloon to-morrow evening.—Page 4.

Consignees of cargo by the Admiral Line's s.s. Alloway, should consult the notice on Page 5.

The next tournament under the auspices of the Hongkong Boxing Association takes place at the Ming Yuen Gardens on Thursday, March 24.—Page 4.

A notice to consignees of cargo, by the s.s. Benlawers appears on Page 5.

The Banvard Musical Comedy Company is giving a repeat performance of "Castles in Spain" at the Theatre Royal to-night.—Page 4.

Messrs. Lammet Bros. will be selling 292 bags of tapioca flour at their sales rooms on Friday at 11 a.m.—Page 4.

On Saturday at 11 a.m. Messrs. Lammet Bros. will be selling at their sales rooms a quantity of tarpaulin, canvas and duck.—Page 4.

The first Gymkhana of the season will take place on Saturday, April 2.—Page 4.

A Kabuki actors was lost on the Star Ferry on Sunday afternoon.—Page 4.



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CERTIFICATED MASSAGE.

PASTORAL TRAINED IN THEIR OWN SCHOOLS OF JAPAN.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## BOYCOTT RETALIATION URGED.

Berlin, March 14.  
It is reported from Stuttgart that anger at new penalties has evoked a joint appeal from the Württemberg Chambers of Commerce arguing that business men and the population boycott Anglo-Franco-Belgian merchandise until the objectionable measures are revoked.

Paris, March 14.  
The manufacturers in Duisburg, Düsseldorf and Ruhrort inspired by Herr Stinnes' group decided to declare a lockout as a protest against the extended Allied occupation, aiming at a stoppage of production in the district.

Paris, March 11.  
The occupation of Rhenish cities continues without event. The decision of the French authorities to open popular kitchens for needy people is gratefully received. Obviously the Prussian regime is unpopular with large sections of the population, especially the working class.

## SIX SINN FEINERS HANGED.

London, March 14.  
Six Sinn Feiners were hanged in Dublin this morning. Two were convicted of murder in connection with the massacre of officers in Dublin in November, the remaining four of high treason in participating in an ambush.

The men were hanged in pairs at hourly intervals. Extraordinary efforts to secure a reprieve, including a telegram from the Lord Mayor of Dublin to the King and the Premier, were fruitless. Work was stopped in Dublin in the forenoon as a protest. The postal and telegraph services were suspended. A crowd of 20,000 stood outside the gaol.

## THE NEAR EAST.

London, March 14.  
The Greek Legation in London has received a telegram from Athens stating that the entire Greek press declares that the concessions demanded from Greece in favour of Turkey is an attack on the fundamental clauses of the Treaty of Sevres and that the whole of Greece is ready to enforce, at any price, respect for national aspirations. Greece is disposed to send to the spot military forces capable of quickly dispersing the rebels in Asia Minor. Greece prefers to suffer fresh sacrifices in rapid military operations in order to end the indefinite situation.

## ASSASSINATION OF SPANISH PREMIER.

London, March 14.  
The bye-elections in the Seine Department which was a Socialist stronghold resulted in the return of two Government candidates who defeated two Communists. There was an absolute majority of 63,864 votes, the Socialists apparently abstaining from giving support to the Communists.

## THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Madrid, March 14.  
The anarchist Ataneo Mateo, who has been arrested, has confessed to the assassination of Premier Dato and revealed the names of accomplices.

## SHANGHAI SILK MEN AT LYONS.

Paris, March 11.  
The Secretary to the League of Nations appeals to all members for prompt ratification of the motion passed by the League respecting a permanent International Court of Justice, so as to enable the League at its next meeting to elect Judges and take steps for the opening of the Court as soon as possible.

## CHINESE MINISTER TO PARIS.

Paris, March 11.  
Twelve delegates from Shanghai silk trade arrived at Lyons, visiting the Fair, and the Union of Silk Merchants of Lyons who are, since half a century, their chief connection, are honouring the delegates. A series of visits to Lyons establishments is interesting them.

H.K. VOLUNTEER  
DEFENCE CORPS.

## Prize Distribution.

An interesting gathering took place last evening at the headquarters of the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps when the prizes won by the Corps during the rifle meetings held in January and February last were distributed by His Excellency the Governor. Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O., presided, and His Excellency was supported by Major General Sir G. H. Kirkpatrick, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., and Commodore Bowden Smith.

With regard to the rifle prizes, the "plum" of the evening was the Bellios Shield of the Hongkong Rifle League which this year was carried off by a team picked from the Corps. The Corps is rightly proud of this success, since there were an unusual number of entries, despite which they lost not a single match during the whole season.

During the evening an excellent concert was given, when the following artists performed.—The Do's Jazz Orchestra, Sergeant Woodward and Newton, Qr-Master-Sergeant W. R. Crow, Messrs. S. Hamar, T. G. Paterson, Howard Freeburn, E. F. Crocker, V. C. Labrum, F. H. Farthing, Lena and Tede and Sergeant-Major H. Thompson. Much credit for the success of the evening is due to Gunner C. E. Frith for his work of organisation.

The prize winners were as follows:—

All Comers' Competition. Prizes presented by Mr. A. G. Stephen. 1st Corporal Grimes, H.V.D.C.; 2nd Pte. F. C. Goodman, H.V.D.C.; 3rd T. Swan, Taikee Dock; 4th, Sergeant Glenow, H.M.S. Tamar.

Range Prizes. Presented by Hon. J. Johnstone and Mr. G. M. Young. 200 yards, A. B. Charlesworth, H.M.S. Hawkins; 500 yards, C. P. O. Shead, H.M.S. Colombo; 600 yards, Sergeant Booker, H. K. Police.

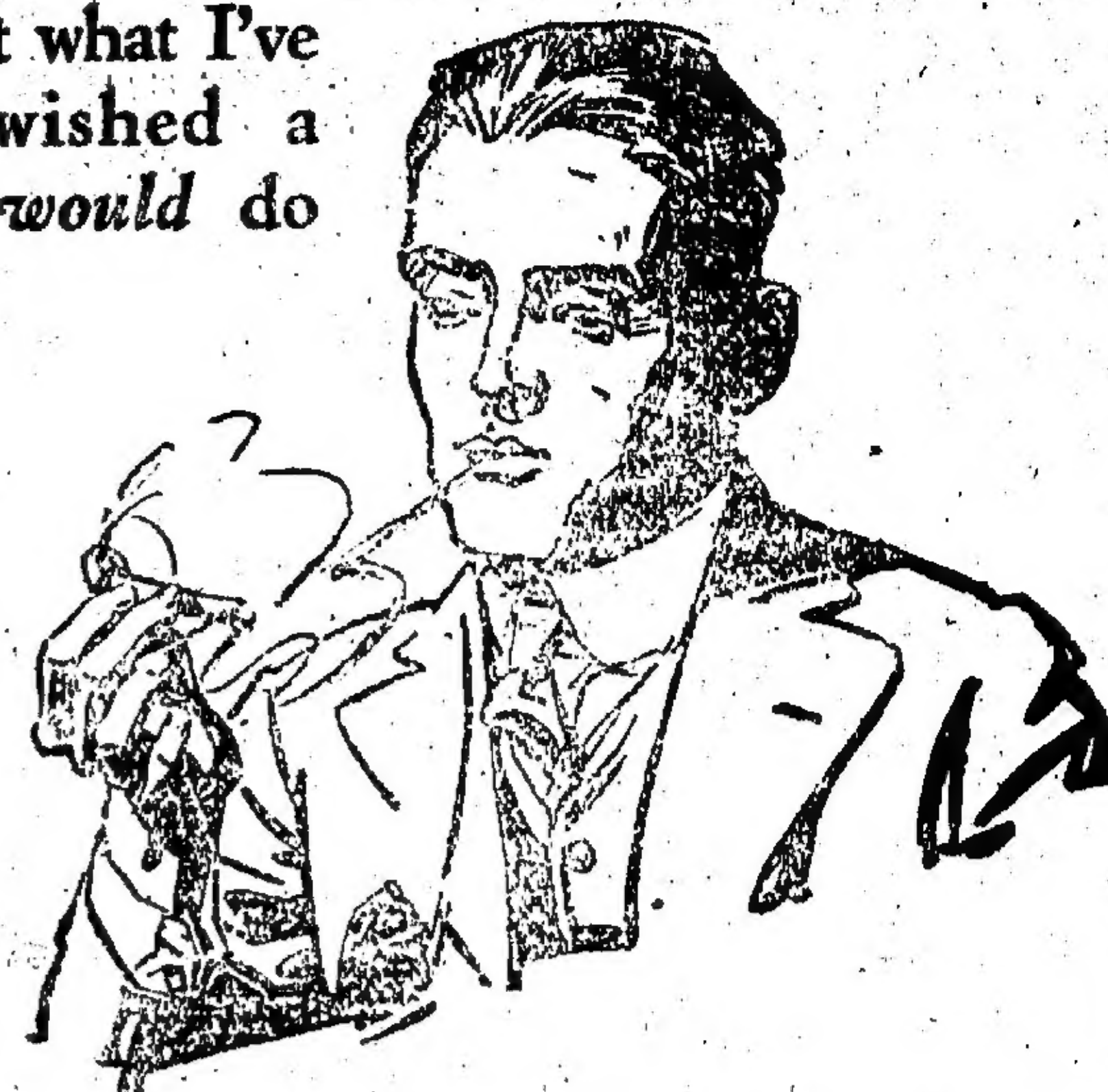
Blake Shield. Special prize presented by Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O., won by Private Shaw. The winners of the shield were a Mounted Infantry Company consisting of Sergeant Grimstone, Pte. Shaw, Pte. A. Young, Pte. Fiddes Wilson and Pte. Wilkinson.

Frances Cup. Cups presented by Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O. Winners, No. 2 Platoon (Sergeant Edmunds, Corporal Grimes, Lance-Corporal Dovey, Pte. G. Wood).

Musketry Competition. 1st prize (presented by Hon. Dr. Claud Severn, C.M.G.), Lance-Corporal J. A. Lyon; 2nd prize, Pte. F. C. Goodman; 3rd prize, Pte. R. J. Goodman.

Musketry Competition. Prize presented by stockbrokers of the

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20 for  
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They SATISFY!

Colony won by Gunner N. L. Railton.

Jar Competition. Prizes presented by Mr. H. Humphreys. 1st Team, Ptes. C. Young, D. J. Valentine, R. K. Valentine; 2nd Team, Gunners. Frith, Railton, MacDonald; 3rd Team, Ptes. R. J. Goodman, F. C. Goodman and Smyth.

Running Man Competition. 1st prize (presented by Hon. Mr. Holyoak), Lance-Corporal J. A. Lyon; 2nd prize, Lieut. R. M. Smith; 3rd prize, Gunner MacDonald.

Tile Competition. Prizes presented by Sir Paul Chater. 1st Team, Lieut. Hall, Corporal Grimes, Sergeant Edmunds, Lance-Corporal Dovey and Pte. Wood; 2nd Team, Ptes. F. C. Goodman, R. J. Goodman, J. Smyth, R. K. Valentine and C. Young.

Corps Championship.—Winner, Corporal Grimes. Prize presented by Mr. R. M. Dyer for runner up Pte F. C. Goodman; 2nd prize, Sergeant A. M. Thornhill; 3rd prize, Pte. R. J. Goodman.

Range Prizes.—200 yards, Lieut. Dodwell, 500 yards, Gunner C. E. Frith; 600 yards, Pte. D. J. Valentine.

Revolver Competition.—1st prize, ("Cutty Sark" Cup, presented by Major Keswick) Corporal C. A. Grimes; 2nd prize, Sergeant Thornhill, 3rd prize, Major G. F. E. Rapson, D.S.O.

Revolver Competition.—1st prize (presented by Mr. H. W. Bird), C. P. O. Shead, H.M.S. Colombo; 2nd prize, Eng. Lt. Comdr. Jackson, H.M.S. Titania; 3rd prize, Corporal C. A. Grimes, H.V.D.C.; 4th prize, Mr. Noss, H.M.S. Hawkins.

Corps Championship, 1918.—Winner, Pte. F. C. Goodman; 1919 Corporal C. A. Grimes.

Bellios Shield of the Hongkong Rifle League.—Won by the Corps.

IMPERIAL BUREAU OF  
MYCOLOGY.Hongkong Co-Operation  
Sought.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary forwards for publication copy of a notice received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies regarding the establishment of the Imperial Bureau of Mycology.

The Imperial Bureau of Mycology is the outcome of a proposal unanimously adopted by the Imperial War Conference in 1918 that a central organisation should be established for the encouragement and co-ordination of work throughout the Empire on the diseases of plants caused by fungi, in relation to agriculture. The Committee of Management consists of some of the foremost biologists in the Country, with Viscount Harcourt as their Chairman, and includes the following members:—Professor I. Bayley Balfour, M.D., S.Sc., F.R.S., Mr. W. Bateson, F.R.S., Professor V. H. Blackman, F.R.S., Professor H. O. Bower, F.R.S., Mr. A. D. Cotton, F.L.S., Professor H. A. Dixon, F.R.S., Professor J. B. Farmer, F.R.S., Captain A. W. Hill, F.L.S., Professor W. H. Lang, F.R.S., Sir Daniel Morris, K.C.M.G., Mr. J. Murray, Mr. G. H. Pethybridge, B.Sc., Sir David Prain, C.M.G., C.I.E., F.R.S., Dr. A. E. Rendle, F.R.S., Mr. H. N. Ridley, C.M.G., F.R.S.E., Sir A. E. Shipley, F.R.S., Professor W. Somerville, F.R.S., and Dr. H. W. T. Wager, F.R.S.

Dr. E. J. Butler, late Imperial Mycologist, Director of the Research Institute, Fusa, and Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India, has been appointed Director and has started work at the headquarters of the Bureau, No. 17, Kew Green, Kew (Telephone—Richmond 608); this

site has the advantage of proximity to the fine library and collections of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, with the Director and staff of which the Bureau will work in co-operation.

The funds of the Bureau are entirely provided by contributions from the various self-governing Dominions, India, Egypt and the Sudan, and the non-self-governing Colonies and Protectorates. It will work broadly on the lines of the existing Imperial Bureau of Entomology at South Kensington, and will aim at doing for the other great class of destructive agencies in agriculture, namely the diseases and blights of plants caused by fungi, what the older Bureau has so successfully done in regard to injurious insects. It will be a central agency for the accumulation and distribution of information and for the identification of specimens sent in from all parts of the Empire. It is proposed to issue, as soon as funds permit, a periodical journal through which those interested in mycological work in regard to agriculture will be kept informed of progress elsewhere. There are at present over fifty officials engaged in this work in the overseas parts of the Empire, while the number of agriculturalists, planters and the like practically interested is legion.

The effect of fungus diseases in reducing crop production is great beyond calculation. A Canadian scientist has estimated the loss caused by rust in wheat in the prairie region of Canada in 1917 at 100,000,000 bushels, representing a value of between \$25,000,000 and \$50,000,000. For the same year the loss in the five chief cereals in the United States exceeded 400,000,000 bushels. The effect of this on the provisioning of the world may be easily imagined.



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"FISKE"

"KELLY SPRINGFIELD"

"LEE"

## RIFLE LEAGUE.

"Titania" v. "Curlew."

The following is the result of a match shot off between H.M.S. "Titania" and H.M.S. "Curlew" at the Stonecutters Range on the 13th instant, resulting in a win for H.M.S. "Titania."

H.M.S. "TITANIA."	H.M.S. "CURLEW."
Mr. Jackson ... 40 42 44 126	Mr. Morgan ... 39 38 45 122
Mr. Tapley ... 41 44 39 124	Mr. Spencer ... 39 44 34 117
Mr. Barker ... 36 38 32 106	Mr. Carpenter ... 36 34 40 110
Mr. Scott ... 36 31 36 103	Mr. P.O. Morgan ... 36 37 36 109
Mr. Douglas ... 34 33 35 102	Mr. Stanford ... 36 33 36 105
Mr. Taylor ... 38 38 25 101	Mr. Dew ... 40 35 24 99
Mr. Blackford ... 29 33 39 101	Mr. Passmore ... 36 34 25 95
Mr. Sigsworth ... 35 27 32 94	Mr. Platt ... 32 31 28 91
Total ... 557	Total ... 848

H.M.S. "TITANIA."	H.M.S. "CURLEW."
Mr. Jackson ... 40 42 44 126	Mr. Morgan ... 39 38 45 122
Mr. Tapley ... 41 44 39 124	Mr. Spencer ... 39 44 34 117
Mr. Barker ... 36 38 32 106	Mr. Carpenter ... 36 34 40 110
Mr. Scott ... 36 31 36 103	Mr. P.O. Morgan ... 36 37 36 109
Mr. Douglas ... 34 33 35 102	Mr. Stanford ... 36 33 36 105
Mr. Taylor ... 38 38 25 101	Mr. Dew ... 40 35 24 99
Mr. Blackford ... 29 33 39 101	Mr. Passmore ... 36 34 25 95
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Mr. Jackson ... 40 42 44 126	Mr. Morgan ... 39 38 45 122
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Mr. Taylor ... 38 38 25 101	Mr. Dew ... 40 35 24 99
Mr. Blackford ... 29 33 39 101	Mr. Passmore ... 36 34 25 95
Mr. Sigsworth ... 35 27 32 94	Mr. Platt ... 32 31 28 91

Winners of shield, H.K.V.D.C. A FRIENDLY MATCH.  
at Hang range on Sunday, the ... E. and D.R.C. met in a friendly match. The scores were—

ROYAL ENGINEERS.	H.K.V.D.C.
Mr. Woolford ... 43 45 32 120	Mr. Morgan ... 39 38 45 122
Mr. Hayward ... 40 37 35 112	Mr. Spencer ... 39 44 34 117
Mr. Townsend ... 44 36 23 103	Mr. Carpenter ... 36 34 40 110
Mr. Smith ... 38 37 23 98	Mr. P.O. Morgan ... 36 37 36 109
Mr. Redpath ... 38 36 23 97	Mr. Stanford ... 36 33 36 105
Mr. Hysc ... 33 30 34 97	Mr. Dew ... 40 35 24 99
Mr. Hamblyn ... 31 32 33 96	Mr. Passmore ... 36 34 25 95
Mr. Knight ... 31 31 33 95	Mr. Platt ... 32 31 28 91
Total ... 818	Total ... 848

Rees and Mrs. Bowden Smith (owe 15), 6-0, 6-3.

Mr. Esterio	30	26	37	93
Mr. Smith	34	28	31	93
Mr. Smith	29	32	30	91
Mr. Clark	28	34	24	

Mr. Johnson	45	42	40	127
Mr. Sears	45	41	31	117
Mr. Draw	43	35	32	110
Mr. Dunkley	36	42	28	106
Mr. Middel	29	36	38	103
Mr. Clear	41	30	30	101
Mr. Nicholson	39	38	22	99
Mr. Pritchard	33	41	22	96
Total	859			

Mr. McGuigan	33	31	31	95
Mr. Williams	44	31	17	92
Mr. Wimbles	36	27	26	89
Mr. Sampson	41	11	28	80

The D. R. C. won by 41 points.

## LAWN TENNIS.

## H.K.C.C. Tournaments.

Last year's tennis Championship finalists, Ng Sze-kwong and M. W. Lo, met last evening in the Open Championship Singles in the presence of a large crowd. The former easily won, securing three straight sets, the scores being 6-4, 6-2, 6-3.

In the same event Major C. Willson beat M. D. C. Sandberg, 6-4, 6-1, 6-1.

Other results were—  
Open Championship Doubles—  
Major H. Greenaway and Capt. C. O. Olliver beat J. Rodger Junr. and G. S. Rodger, 6-2, 8-6, 6-1.

Club Championship—A. B. Raworth beat J. S. Jennings, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1.

Handicap Singles "B"—Lt. O. H. Larkwood (recs. 15) beat H. Greenwood (recs. 4/6), 6-2, 6-0.

Handicap Doubles—A. H. Crook and A. D. Ball (owe 3/6) beat Major H. M. Edwards and Major Timmis (owe 4/6), 6-0, 6-2; T. H. King and C. Blaker (rec. 2/6) beat J. V. Alabaster and G. W. Sewell (recs.), 6-0, 6-0.

Mixed Doubles Handicap—Col. L. Humphry and Mrs. Timmis (owe 15/2) beat Rev. H. S. Crole and Mrs. Bowden Smith (owe 15), 6-0, 6-3.

## LATE MR. E. J. NORONHA.

## Funeral Largely Attended.

One of the largest funeral processions ever seen in the Colony was witnessed last evening, when the remains of the late Mr. E. J. Noronha, J.P., were laid to rest in the Roman Catholic cemetery at Happy Valley. The huge gathering was a tribute to the universal respect and esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held. In addition to representatives of the Government of Hongkong and of H.E. the Governor of Macao there were present officials of various organisations in which the late Mr. Noronha was interested, the Club de Recreio (of which the deceased was President) being represented by members of the Committee; the Lusitano Club by Mr. A.F.B. Silva Netto (President) and Committee; the Portuguese Mutual Aid Society by Mr. C.A. da Roza (President) and Committee; and the Kowloon Residents' Association by Capt. Wheeler (President) and Committee. A message of condolence was sent to the widow by H.E. the Governor and Lady Stubbs, which stated that by the death of the deceased not only the Portuguese community but the Colony at large had suffered a great loss.

The Portuguese community turned out in large numbers to pay their last tribute to the memory of a true and valuable fellow citizen. St. Joseph's College, where the deceased received his early education and in the welfare of which institution he has always taken a great interest, was strongly represented, among those present being Bro. Marcian (Acting Director), Bros. Alphonso, Cairnan and Richard, as well as a large number of pupils, who lined both sides of Wongneichong Road from the Monument to the Chapel. The Boy Scouts of the College also attended in full uniform and carried wreaths. Mr. Noronha was a staunch supporter in respect of voluntary service of both the Italian and French Convents and a large number of the pupils from these institutions, in charge of the sisters, lined both sides of the Cemetery from the entrance to the Chapel.

The coffin left St. Paul's Hospital at 5.15 and was conveyed by hearse to its last resting place. The chief mourners were the deceased's four sons, Mr. J. M. Noronha, (brother), Mr. J. M. de Castro Basto uncle, Mr. G. A. Yvanovich (father-in-law), Messrs. P. A. Yvanovich, G. A. Yvanovich, Jr., V. Yvanovich, J. Yvanovich, A. Gutierrez, J. Britto and H. Hyndman, and following them were Messrs. S. B. B. McElderry and W. G. FitzGibbon (representing the Government), Mr. C. de Albuquerque a Castro, Portuguese Consul, (who represented His Excellency the Governor of Macao) Messrs. B. L. Frost, W. Jackson, T. Petrie, B. Wyllie, A. Hicks, Lt.-Col. Bowen, Capt. Wheeler, Messrs. L. Barton, G. H. May, A. H. M. Silva, C. J. Rowe, A. Morton, Teesdale Mackintosh, J. P. Braga, C. Assumpcao, D. Souza, G. Britto, J. Osmund, Choy Po Sien, G. P. de Martin, T. W. Robertson, R. Packham, A. A. Botelho, D. O. de Silva, J. M. S. Silva, J. A. Barradas, P. M. N. de Silva, E. H. Kotewall, G. Curry, E. V. M. R. de Sousa, F. M. L. Soares, A. Pothergill, H. A. Lammert, C. H. Lyson, H. Taylor, C. D. da Roza, F. Ellis, P. Botelho, A. F. B. Silva-Netto, A. Soares, C. F. de Carvalho, C. A. da Roza, F. de Graca, Dr. Carvalho and many others.

There were also present members of the Committee of St. Joseph's College Old Boys' Association, of which the deceased was one of the original members and also a member of the Committee since its inception, representatives of the Portuguese Mutual Aid Association and the Portuguese Clubs.

The procession halted at the gate of the cemetery where the coffin was transferred to the shoulders of Messrs. A. Marchado, Ribeiro, J. Britto, M. A. Simoes, J. Lopes, P. Yvanovich, J. Yvanovich and V. Yvanovich, who carried it to the Chapel and afterwards to the grave.

His Lordship Bishop Pozzoni, assisted by Rev. Fr. Robert, of the French Mission, Fr. Noval, of the Spanish Procurator, Fr. G. M. Spada, of the Rosary Church, Kowloon, and the seminaries under Fr. D. Pave, performed the service at the Chapel and that at the graveside.

## NOTICE.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Customers are requested to apply for our Revised Price List which came into force on 1st March 1921.

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Among the many beautiful wreaths placed on the grave were those from the following:—

Sua Esposa e Filhos, Guilherme e Francisca, Jago e Casimira, Joe e Leonor, Chiquita, Jorge e Lily Bebo e Augusta, Augusto e Nini, Jojo e Amalia, Pito e Palmira, Ely e Iza, Memy e Lala, Vicente e Puzza and Evaristo e Betty (deceased's relatives).

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Stubbs, His Excellency the Governor of Macao and Lady Correa da Silva, Mr. A. F. B. Silva-Netto, F. Roza Pereira, Angelina Roza Pereira, The University of Hongkong, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Chung King, E. Cordeiro, Little Adams and Wood, C. F. Mason, F. X. d'Almada e Castro, I. Corveth, The Committee, "The Rock," The Staff, J. P. Braga's Printing Office, C. d'Assumpcao, Members of the Juvenile Society, J. P. Braga and family, Mrs. Monteiro and family, Miss M. Pereira, Miss Sara Britto, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Figueiredo and family, Madame Cerveira d'Albuquerque, Mons. d'Albuquerque e Castro, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Basto, Miss B. da Roza, Members of the Kowloon Residents Association, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jackson, Mr. P. Xavier, Bellie, Hugo and family, Kwan Wai, Hon. Mr. Ho Fook, Composing Staff of Noronha and Co., Printing Staff of Noronha and Co., Bookbinding Staff of Noronha and Co., Office Staff of Noronha and Co., Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Rozario, Mrs. P. Rozario and family, Mr. J. J. Basto, Mr. R. A. Basto, Ignas Carvalho Ellhas, J. M. V. de Figueiredo, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Kotewall, Juliana F. Gomes, J. M. Rocha, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Barrett, S. M. Churn, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Barrett, F. M. Monteiro, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Lopes, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Guterres, A. P. Guterres, Hon. Mr. Lau Chu Pak, Lau Iu Chung, Mr. and Mrs. P. V. Botelho, The Sincere Co., Ltd., J. M. Xavier, Dr. A. A. Carvalho, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Carvalho, Mr. Leiria, Mr. and Mrs. Nolasco da Silva, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Garcia, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Xavier, H. S. dos Remedios, Edw. Ezra, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Eer Liba, Mr. and Mrs. V. Goncalves, H. Hyndman, Jr., and family, Mrs. Melama Botelho, Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Carvalho, Miss Edith Carvalho, Jorge de Brito, Miss M. E. Britto, A. A. Cordeiro, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lopes, Mr. W. R. Katow, Camilla Ladie and Maria Rand, Sarah Botelho, Luis B. Gomes, J. J. Gomes, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Osmund, Mr. Choa Po Sien, Catholic Union Club, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. d'Almada e Castro, Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Soares, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. C. V. Ribeiro, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Ribeiro, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Silva, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Ribeiro, Ocean Oliveira, F. X. V. Ribeiro, Mr. Alforda Remedios, Pestonjee, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Sousa, F. A. Maellado, Mr. and Mrs. E. Danenberg, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Silva, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Sousa, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hyndman, A. J. C. Rocha, F. F. V. Ribeiro, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Graen, Mr. and Mrs. Delano Lopes, Maria, Soares, C. E. da Remedios, J. M. Alves, Carmen Carvalho, Club Lusitano, E. H. Hyndman, Jose J.

Gomes, M. A. Simoes, M. N. Bux, Union Insurance Society of Canton, J. M. Almada Remedios, Club de Recreio, A. M. Larrina, St. Joseph's Troop of B. P. Scouts, A. M. Silva, Hongkong Printing Press, C. A. Lopes, Angelina Basto e Filhos, Ignas Carvalho e Filhos, J. M. Lopes, Mr. and Mrs. Soares, F. M. L. Soares, Mr. and Mrs. Alvares, Manager and Staff, Kowloon-Canton Railway, E. Abraham, "Louth China Morning Post," "Hongkong Telegraph," E. E. Ellis, A. S. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Frost, C. A. da Roza, H. Percy Smith, W. Logan, H. C. Best, F. C. Jenkin, J. Carneiro e Esposa, Hon. Dr. Claud Severn, C. J. Roe, Government of Hongkong, Julio Ribeiro, Max Remedios, J. A. V. Ribeiro, Associacao Portuguesa de Socorro Mutuos, W. G. Fitz Gibbon, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. O'Sullivan, H. A. Nisbet, Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. da Silva, A. G. Abbas, C. P. Pintos, D. M. Vieira, S. A. Rumlalun, Wing Fat Kwong, Mr. and Mr. E. D. Roza, Henrietta Noronha, A. L. Alves, Capt. Wheeler, C. D. Melbourne, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kemp, Mr. and Mrs. G. Banker and family, V. Conceicao, F. Prata, G. V. Osmund, L. B. Xavier, H. J. Prata, F. I. Carvalho and family.

The Portuguese Consul received a telegram from the Governor of Macao asking him to represent His Excellency at the funeral.

The following message was received from the Governor of Macao last night:—  
Macao, March 14th.  
The Committee, Club de Recreio, Kowloon.  
To the Committee and the members I offer my sincere sympathy.  
(Sdg.) Correa da Silva.

## HAD A HARD TIME GETTING HER TEETH

UNTIL THE DOCTOR RECOMMENDED BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

Many mothers endure agonies of mind when seeing their babies suffer the tortures of teething. Yet neither mother nor child need go through such misery, as many parents have proved, among them Mrs. David Lee, of Lindsay, Ontario, who writes:—

"My little girl had a hard time getting her teeth. She was quite feverish; her tongue was coated, her breath offensive, and she vomited curdled milk."

"On the advice of our doctor I gave her Baby's Own Tablets and she began improving at once. She had not slept well at night for about three months, and I was almost worn out caring for her. Now her food digests properly, her breath is sweet, her tongue clean and she is quiet and good. I can strongly recommend the Tablets to other mothers as they did my baby good when nothing else did."

Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are obtainable from chemists, or post free, 60 cents the vial from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 28 Seeshuen Road, Shanghai.

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EXCELLENT QUALITY

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Jas. Coultis & Co., Old Tom and Dry  
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Booth's No. 1 Old Tom  
Plymouth (Coates & Co.)  
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STARS, EGG NOODLES &c.

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# CAMERA NEWS



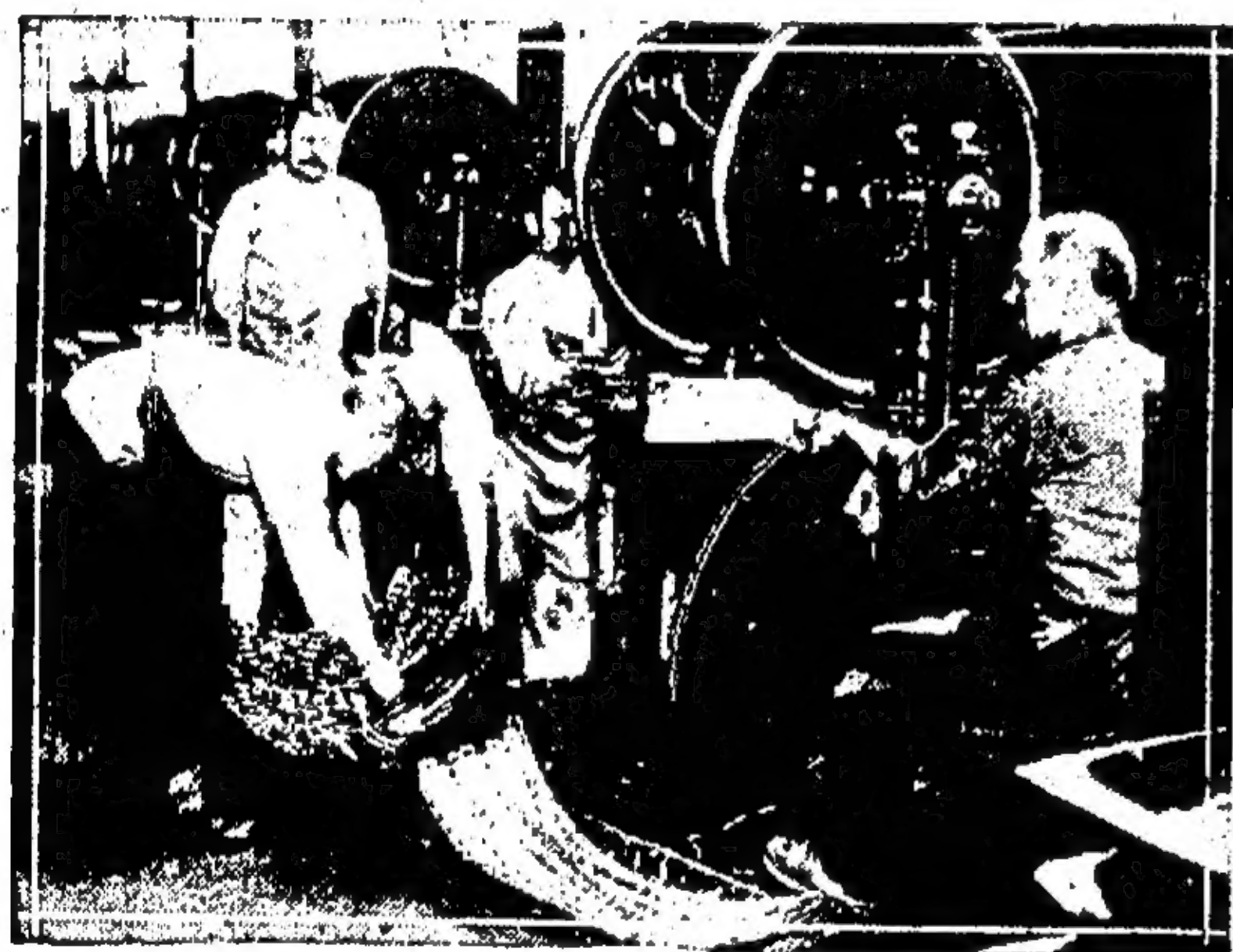
PREMIER'S NEW HOME.

Mr. Lloyd George is here seen being snapped by Lady Greenwood outside Choquers, which Lord Lee has given to the nation as the official country home for Prime Ministers.



SCENE IN IRELAND.

Relatives outside Mount Joy Prison, where Sinn Fein political leaders are locked up.



MAKING MONEY IN GERMANY.

Metal money for the needs of Germany whose marks have fallen almost to nothing is now being made by a new process, whose operation is shown in the photograph. The machines punch out the coin from long metal strips.



RECREATION GROUND ON ROOF.

On top of the Madison Square Garden, New York, there is being constructed what will be one of the most pretentious athletic recreation grounds in the world. It will have a swimming pool 280 feet long by 120 wide.



ANOTHER IRISH SCENE.

Searching motor cars for arms in suburbs of Dublin.

## DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

## Helen Hears News From Home

BY ALLMAN













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Paul Whitman & His Orch.
- Caresses—Medley Fox Trot—Paul Whitman & His Orch.
- Tip Top—Medley Fox Trot—Saxophones  
Six Brown Brothers
- 18714 If a wish could make it so—Fox Trot  
Six Brown Brothers
- If you could care—Medley Waltz—Smith's Orchestra
- 18715 Happy—One Step—Smith's Orchestra
- Let the Rest of the World go By—Waltz—  
Lerera & Franchini
- 18716 My Isle of Golden Dreams—Waltz—  
Blue & White Marimba Band
- 12th Street Rag—Fox Trot—All Star Trio
- 18713 Dotty Dimples—One Step—All Star Trio

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ALL OF TASTEFUL DESIGNS.

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Manufacturers & Exporters of High Grade Furniture.  
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A few drops of this wonderful Essence sprinkled on the Handkerchief and inhaled, Cures Colds, Banishes Headaches, Hay Fever, etc.

VAPOLINE INHALANT possesses one unique feature—on contact with the air it develops & gives off antiseptic vapours which gradually gain in strength, hence it is very economical in use. One application giving protection for a whole day.

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WORKING FOR  
REVOLUTION.Deliberate Action of Paid  
Emissaries.

Not many days ago a large white banner was seen in the Strand, and following it was a procession of the very last men who ought to be marching under such an ensign, writes Mr. Edward Gittins in a Home Journal. For every man of them was a British ex-soldier—men to whom the white flag of surrender has been a thing of shame hitherto. What could they be doing in such circumstances?

The collecting boxes by which they were accompanied informed one readily enough what this banner meant. These were men who, returned from fine deeds on the field of battle, could find no honest work to keep their families in bread; men who, too finely British to ask singly the bread of charity, had yet collectively surrendered to the indubitable necessity of self preservation by any means.

So they walked, this fine band of gallant men, under the white flag of surrender to charity, and, walking, draw attention to one of the most tremendous dangers with which this England of ours has ever been confronted.

How long will it be before this white flag of surrender turns to the red flag of social insurrection? And how many men are there, professedly loyal citizens, who sheltered behind these men's backs in times of war, who will only too gladly do all they can to help to change its colour?

CREDITORS OF THE EMPIRE. There is no insult to our ex-soldiers in these questions. Rather, they are in the nature of a subtle compliment; for when men who have done less for their country, and suffered less economic pressure of late days, are marching with red flags and howling against the social system whose use they have abused, these creditors of their country march still under a flag which, emblem of surrender though it is, is also the emblem of peace.

But these things do not last for ever; and it behoves us to think very seriously how we can prevent our best men being merged into our antisocial element by the sheer impossibility of living under the present system.

Your real revolutionary, your real exploder of mines under elaborately designed and effective social systems, is not the man who shouts at street corners of the delights of Socialism, or Bolshevism, or all the other "isms," and who hasn't got the pluck to back-answer his foreman in the factory.

This element we shall always have with us; and, despite the noise they make, they will do no more than make sober men more sober by sheer disgust. No, we get the really serious disturbance from those who, having served their country well and truly, are treated with gross ingratitude and given a real grievance.

These ex-Service men are in this very position; and all honour to them that no disturbance or word of disloyalty has as yet been traced to them. But, I repeat, this state of things cannot last for ever. Sooner or later there must come a time when these men, in sober earnest, will ask themselves why the country which owes them so much pays them in the coin of starvation; and from here it is but a little step to the repudiation of a system which is apparently so wrong. The best of us can only stand a certain amount of pressure before we feel impelled to resist it for our very life.

## WORK—NOT WAR.

Let us get it right into our minds that by leaving these ex-soldiers unemployed, we are building up enmity and hatred which are the very breath of life to those foreign adventurers and English malcontents who desire revolution that they may pillage the powers and the possessions they are too lazy to work for. Let us remember, also, that when we drive our ex-soldiers that way, we are ridding ourselves of our greatest stabilising force.

These men want work, not war. They want to live by the strength of their arms rather than by the length of their tongues; and they cannot do it because the revolutionary idler and his ignorant dupes will not let them. It is not a good environment for the preservation of good citizenship; it is rather a hot-house for Ishmaels whose hands are against every man because every man's hand is against them.

The blunt truth is that this unemployment phase is no accident. It is not even a mis-

take. It is the deliberate action of those paid emissaries of revolution who, under the guise of workmen's friends, have pushed for higher wages, for shorter hours, for less and less output, well knowing that they were leading their dupes to a breakdown, because the harder it is to live under the established system, the more inclined men become for revolution.

That is why our ex-Service men are unemployed and unemployable; for employers cannot employ them at union rates, and dare not employ them at less; and the revolutionary poison is thus being forced slowly into the minds of men whose last wish would be to destroy their country.

These processions of ex-Service men must cease. Every one of us who can employ a single man of them must do so, whatever may be the consequences. We must cast out from our workshops and factories the revolutionary, the hot-head, and the idler, since we cannot afford to feed the enemy. We must take in their place the men who, having fought for their country, would now gladly work for her.

Every moment we allow these processions under white flags to continue, we are driving honest men nearer to that ensign whose colour is derived from the blood its followers would gladly spill.

## CHUCKLES.

That genial bookman, Mr. Augustine Birrell, who celebrated his 71st birthday by making a speech at the National Liberal Club recently, has never been in such an embarrassing position (says the *Morning Post*) as that in which he found himself while travelling in a third-class railway carriage some years ago. He was only just in time to catch the train, and sat down hurriedly next to a little girl inshaw and clogs. Happening to glance at her a moment or two afterwards, he saw that she appeared very uneasy and was regarding him with no great favour. Then it dawned upon him that he was sitting on her newspaper. "Here, my dear," said Mr. Birrell, pulling the paper from under him and handing it to her, "I'm sorry." The girl did not look quite satisfied, but she said nothing until the train stopped at the next station. "Please sir," she then inquired meekly, as she rose to get out, "may I have my fried fish?" It had been in the paper!

Most clerks of public bodies (says the *Daily Chronicle*) soon get accustomed to receiving letters which are not always complimentary but few have the experience of Dr. Edward Hilleary, well known at West Ham as the holder of a multiplicity of offices. It frequently fell to his lot to write stinging letters to himself from one committee or board to another and a reply would be sent as seriously as though the writer were a different person. The correspondence was needed for file purposes; yet it must have taken some degree of facial control for the clerk to read at a meeting, with due solemnity, an answer turning away the wrath of a communication he had sent to himself. Even Pooi Bah could not beat that.

It was at the end of the third race and the book-makers had been doing very badly. Having paid out practically all he had on bookie, who was also by way of being a bruiser, found himself confronted by a hefty looking individual who presented a demand for payment of 5 to 1 in tanners, and just behind this gentleman was another punter, a meek and mild little man, to whom the bookie's liabilities amounted to just on twice this amount. Realising the case was desperate the bookie jumped down and rushed for the bigger fellow. "Sixty quid you want, do you?" he roared. "I'll see you in—first!" And with that he hit the claimant a terrific blow which stretched him out. "An' now, wot do you want?" he yelled, turning to the little meek man. "I—I," spluttered the little chap as he slipped his ticket back into his pocket, "I—I only came up to say that I thought it served that other bloke jolly well right!"

Lord Reading's first client is said to have been a certain fruit merchant, sued by a costermonger who alleged that some boxes of fruit he had chased were unfit for human consumption. Under Mr. Isaacs's cross-examination the coster became angry.

"Look 'ere, guv'nor," he cried, "some of these 'ere figs is in court; if you eat three of 'em and ain't sick in five minutes, I'll give up the bippin' case." The Judge urged Mr. Isaacs to accept the challenge, but he refused, and hastened to suggest that his client was the one who should accept it. "What will happen if I don't eat the figs?" anxiously whispered the fruit merchant. "Judgment will be given against you," said his counsel. "Then I prefer to lose the case," was the unhesitating reply, and the costermonger left the court with a smile of triumph on his face.—*Morning Post*.

The manager of several theatrical companies entered a London restaurant, and was ordering his luncheon when he noticed that the waiter was hesitating as if about to say something.

"Well, what is it?" asked the manager, looking up from his paper.

"Beg pardon, sir," said the waiter, "but do you remember me?"

"Can't say that I do."

"Well, sir, I used to sing in one of your companies."

"Oh, yes," responded the other after a survey of the other's countenance. "I remember now. You had a part in—"

"(mentally a successful musical play.)"

"Yes, sir. I suppose you are surprised to see me now as a waiter?"

"Not at all; I've heard you sing."

Some charming young women are bleaching their hair, and some charming old women are assuming the tints of eighteen. One of these latter, still very beautiful, though so far remote from girlhood, was recently invited by a distinguished lawyer to visit his house. As she was driving up the avenue, she said:—"Oh, Mr. Brief, what perfectly lovely roses! Did you plant them?" "No," answered the lawyer gravely. "I did not. They were planted by my grandfather, and you know him?"

A visiting clergyman was conducting a meeting at a coloured church in one of the Southern States, at which the converts were asked to give their experiences, when a woman rose and bore witness to the preciousness of her religion as a light bringer and as a comfort giver.

"That's good, sister," said the minister. "But how about the practical side? Does your religion make you strive to prepare your husband a good dinner? Does it make you look after him in every way?"

As he paused, he felt a tug at his coat-tails and heard the coloured church warden whisper ardently:—"Press dem questions, doctor, press dem questions. Dat's my wife!"

BENGAL STATUE TO  
KING EDWARD.Hitch at Unveiling by Duke  
of Connaught.

In the grounds of the All-India Victoria Memorial Calcutta, in course of construction, the Duke of Connaught unveiled a statue in memory of King Edward.

The memorial, which has been raised as a tribute from the people of Bengal, Bihar, and Orissa, in addition to the statue includes a fund of three lakhs of rupees for medical relief in these provinces.

The statue consists of an imposing equestrian figure set on the top of a triumphal arch. The Duke of Connaught and Lord Ronaldsday, Governor of Bengal, drove in state to the site, a royal salute being fired.

The Duke arrived in state with full escort, and before unveiling the statue recalled the close association which King Edward had with India, complimenting Bengal on a worthy memorial of a great King.

A slight hitch marked the proceedings, the electric mechanism to be used for the unveiling failing to work properly. The cords were pulled from the ground with no better success, and finally the veil was withdrawn by firemen, who scrambled up a fire escape to the top of the triumphal arch and tore away the swathing material.

## LONGEVITY STREET.

Mrs. Shepherd, of Reading, has just reached her 100th birthday. Within a few doors of her reside Mrs. Jerome and Mr. and Mrs. Clark, whose ages respectively are 93, 90, and 94, so that their ages aggregate 377 years.

## LANE, CRAWFORD'S

Established 1850.

Telephone 1741.

FINEST SELECTED CHINA TEAS  
CEYLON BROKEN ORANGE PEKOE.We shall be pleased to send parcels of tea to any place  
in the United Kingdom. DUTY Paid, Postage Paid.

Inclusive prices on application

LANE, CRAWFORD &amp; CO.

The House of Quality.

THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF  
INFECTIOUS & CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

IS

## HYGIENOL

A highly concentrated and perfectly safe  
DISINFECTANT.

SOLD ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.

## WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW &amp; CO.

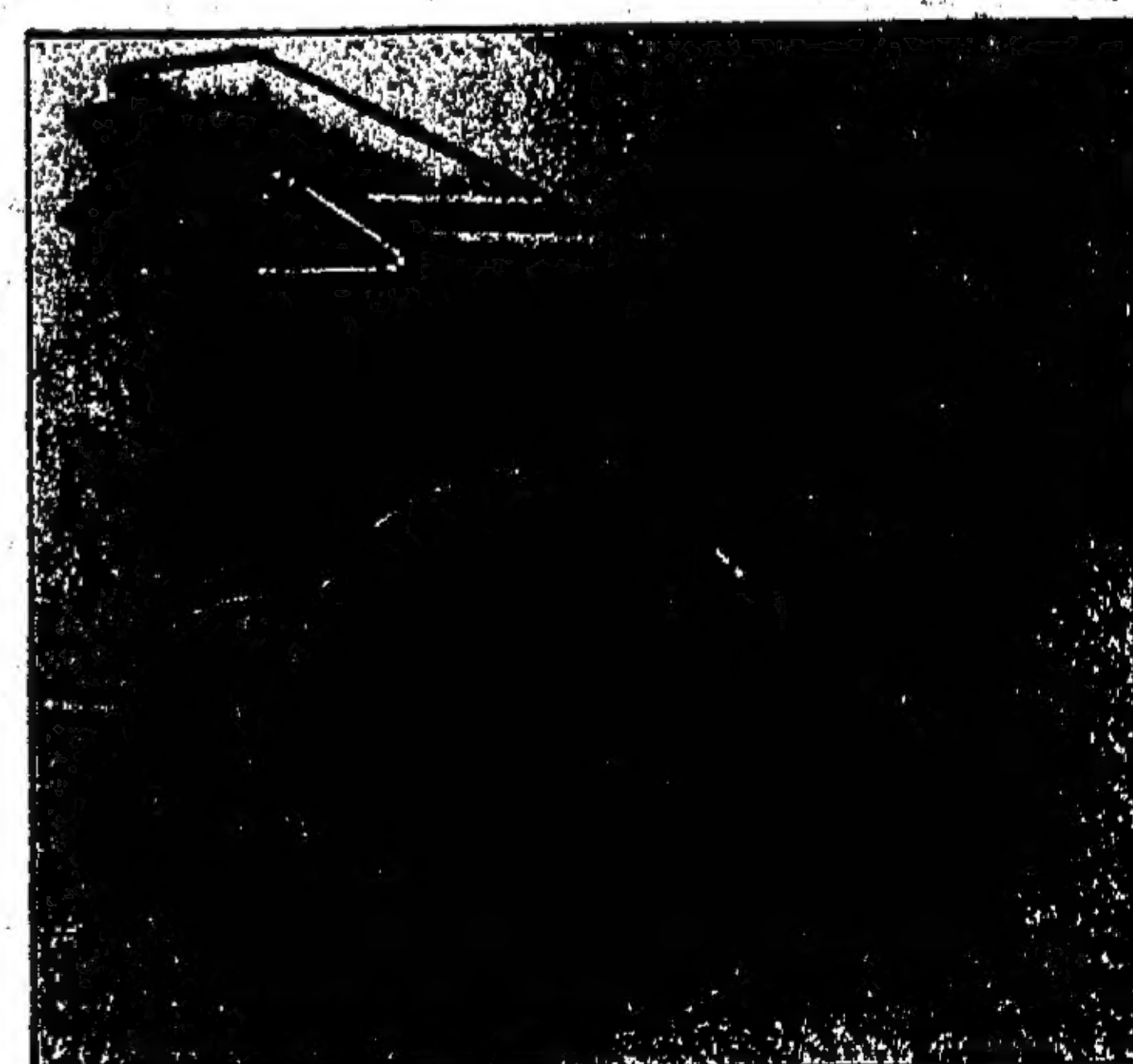
Des Vœux Road

## Per S. S. GLENAPP.

We have just received a large shipment of

## BABY CARRIAGES

Similar to ILLUSTRATION.



## BEST QUALITY &amp; VALUE

CALL &amp; INSPECT

## PRICES:—

\$129.50

\$139.50

\$149.50

\$167.50

\$179.50

\$189.50

SHOW ROOMS.....

UPSTAIRS

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.  
HONGKONG.

## LIBRARY IN DICKENS'S HOME.

It is hoped to establish the first library under the Children's Library Movement at 13, Johnson-

street, Somers Town, the house in which Dickens spent his childhood, and in which David lived in "David Copperfield."



## CANTON LABOUR TROUBLES.

## Strike Said to be Brewing.

A strike of machinists in Canton is brewing and we shall not be surprised (says the *Canton Times*) if it is declared before this month is over, for the machinists have been planning for the strike and preparing funds for the maintenance of a strike in case one is declared. Their grievances are that they have been forced to work for more than ten hours a day while the pay they are receiving is barely enough for the upkeep of their families, on account of the high cost of living. At the last meeting of the machinists it was decided that four demands will be lodged with their employers:—1. To enforce the 8-hour day system. 2. No work on Sundays. 3. No work on National holidays. 4. An increase of pay.

While the machinists have been at work on the plans for a strike the railroad workers of the Canton-Hankow, Canton-Samsu and the Canton Kowloon Railways are also planning for a similar demonstration to demand higher pay and shorter hours.

## TRAFFIC CASES.

This morning at the Police Court, Mr. C. C. Hickling was charged with driving his motor cycle along Broadwood Road without a permit. It was explained that the omission to apply for the permit arose from carelessness, but an endeavour to rectify the fault was made on the following day after the notice of the summons. A fine of \$5 was imposed by Mr. R. E. Lindell.

The Mercury Garage had to pay to the Tramway Company a sum of \$125 as compensation for damage received as a result of a crash between one of its cars and a tram on the Prava East on the 7th instant at 3.45 in the afternoon. The blame for the collision was entirely taken by the Mercury, it was explained. Their driver caused the collision in endeavouring to go between the tram and a truck which was proceeding in the same direction as the tram. The offence was marked by his Worship with the infliction of a penalty of \$10.

## A GERMAN ON JUTLAND.

## Commander von Hase Talks of What Might Have Been.

"Had Jellicoe sought a decision off Horn Reef on June 1 there is no doubt that the English fleet would have had to cede its place as the strongest fleet in the world to America."

This is the salient point of the latest contribution to the seemingly endless controversy provoked by the Battle of Jutland. It is made by Commander George von Hase, who figured in the great sea fight as first gunnery officer of the Germans' largest, most powerful and swiftest ship, the battle-cruiser *Derfflinger*.

In his book "Kiel and Jutland" (published by Skeffington and Son at 16s. net) Von Hase describes the fight from the point of view of one who was in the thickest of it, and played a decisive part in the destruction of the two English battle-cruisers *Queen Mary* and *Invisible*.

"Jellicoe acted perfectly rightly," he says, "in disengaging his fleet at nightfall, and so skillfully leading his squadron away during the night that our destroyer flotillas, systematically searching the outlying areas of the scene of battle, did not find them."

"And Jellicoe also acted perfectly rightly from a strategic point of view in not reopening the battle on June 1."

"By not attacking on June 1 our fleet heading for the German minefields and home ports, Jellicoe kept uninterrupted the mastery of the seas. Why should he, in this strategic game of chess, choose a mutual sacrifice of pieces when his position was such that the mating of the enemy was bound to follow?"

## THEFTS ON RAILWAYS.

## 10,000 Prosecutions in one Year.

The problem of pilferage and theft of goods in transit is dealt with in a report prepared by the Great Western Railway Company. While the figures given in the report refer to that company only, the remedial measures described apply to all the railway companies of the country.

The report states that the preventive measures adopted and put into force by means of uniformed constables include the moral effect of the presence of the constables patrolling yards and sidings; sealing of vans containing goods of a pilferable nature; examination of contents of waggons during loading and unloading; testing and examination of road van loads (private and company); and observation on staff leaving depot.

The appointment of uniformed constables has been more than justified, the report adds. Only a very small percentage of the goods on vans have been broken by thieves, and the constables have given very valuable help in locating the stages at which robberies occurred. Previously, strong complaints were made of the numerous cases of losses and pilferages arising in the Scotch whisky traffic, but since their appointment it has been practicable by examination of the traffic at Bushbury Junction and at Saltney to prove that the bulk of the robberies occurred before the consignments were handed to the railway.

But it is urged that greater attention must be given to protective measures apart from the serious leakage of revenue, it is particularly desirable, in view of road motor competition, to give traders a greater sense of security in regard to carriage of their goods by rail.

Two hundred and eighty-three persons were prosecuted for theft of goods by the Great Western Company, as against 255 for the previous year. Some important arrests were effected, particularly in South Wales, where gangs of thieves were operating on an organised scale.

The complaints in regard to parcels lost and pilfered on the system show a reduction of 3176 on the previous year's figures and 4500 on the 1918 total, and 183 persons were prosecuted under this heading, as against 210 for the previous year. Three "open" stations, Bristol, Cardiff, and Newport, accounted for no fewer than 101 detections out of the total of 183.

There were several complaints of thefts from compartments while the owners were in dining cars. It is clear, says the report, that they are due to the operations of travelling thieves of the racing fraternity type.

The total number of prosecutions for nine of the principal railway companies in one year amounted to over 10,000. A large number of these prosecutions were of persons not in the railway service.

## NEWSPAPERS RUN AT A LOSS.

## Serious Crisis in the Industry.

Three Metropolitan newspapers, none of them of a very large circulation, are offered for sale, says the *Daily Express*, which continues:—

"The position of the newspaper industry is extremely serious, the high cost of paper or newsprint precluding any possibility of profit, and, indeed, causing a loss for nearly every newspaper in the country. Some of the losses, it states, run into enormous figures."

The trouble is continues the *Express*, that in order to ensure their supplies of newsprint, newspapers were obliged in 1919 and 1920 to undertake long term contracts for paper at prices averaging £15 a ton more than the figure at which newsprint can be obtained in the open market today. In other words, they are paying 50 per cent. more than

## NOTICE.

Mr. Bryon Alexander of Vancouver Canada, has for sale at Wm. Powell Ltd. for five days his samples of Canadian Furs.

These Furs are very choice Alaska Mink, Sable, White & Black Fox also Mole.

The Mink coats are of the finest quality and all these samples are less than half price.

## TRANSPORTES MARITIMOS DO ESTADO.

FOR GENOA, MARSEILLES AND LISBON VIA SAIGON, SINGAPORE, MORMUGAO, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

The s.s. "QUELIMANE" will be despatched as above on Monday, the 21st March at noon.

This steamer has excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers and is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice & Fresh Provisions &c.

Electric Fans in the State Rooms and Electric Light throughout. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Wireless Telegraphy fitted.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

J. M. DA ROCHA & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 12th March, 1921.

## MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD OF CHINA CHINA COAST, OFFICERS' GUILD HONGKONG.

Members of both Guilds are requested to attend a Special General combined meeting at the Guild Offices on

Tuesday, 15th March 1921, at 5.45 p.m.

A full attendance is essential. W. J. Stokes, Branch Secretary M.E.G.C.

W. E. Kirby, Asst. Secretary C.C.O.G.

## A \$200 CAMERA WILL TAKE PICTURES.

but no sensible person claims that the photographs equal those secured with a \$50.00 lens. The eye is a miniature camera, and lenses simply remedy defects in the natural photographing mechanism. The better the lenses, the better the results. The Hongkong Optical Co., Successors to Clark & Co., Refracting & Manufacturing Opticians, located in 53, Queen's Road Central, manufacture lenses as safe, as nearly perfect and as satisfactory as can be produced by the combination of human ingenuity and constructive machinery of the highest type.

they would be paying if they were not saddled with contracts.

PRICE MUST GO UP.

Commenting on the foregoing, the *Sunday Chronicle* says:—The assertions made by the *Daily Express*, so far as they relate generally to all the leading morning newspapers losing money, are not exaggerated, and it may be stated fairly that proprietors cannot possibly hope to produce their journals, except at great loss, under present circumstances.

This has been brought about by enormous increases in the cost of production in paper and in wages. If some steps are not taken immediately the result will be very serious unemployment, the dissipation of capital the disruption of the newspaper industry, and very great inconvenience to the public, as well as the possibility of newspapers getting into hands that might not be disposed to conduct them on lines generally so fair and reliable as at present.

The obvious remedy is to increase the price of morning newspapers, many of which are being published now below cost.

## THEATRE ROYAL. TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT

For a short Season only  
**W. BANVARD**  
presents his new  
**LONDON MUSICAL COMEDY CO' 1921**  
assisted by the  
**LONDON BEAUTY CHORUS**  
In the latest  
**LONDON & NEW YORK SUCCESSES.**

TO-NIGHT	The Musical Comedy "CASTLES IN SPAIN"
Wed. & Thurs. 18th & 17th	The Musical Revue "HAREM BELLS."

**PLANS NOW OPEN AT MOUTRIE'S**  
Plan will be open from 5.15 to 7.30 p.m. at the HONGKONG HOTEL COUNTER  
Prices \$4, \$2 & 1. Matinee \$3, \$2 & 1.  
Sailors, Soldiers & Children Half Price to Matinees only.  
Madam Keeler will show the latest Frocks, Hats, Fans & Lingerie direct from Paris at the Theatre Royal Stage Entrance—Daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. & 2 to 5 p.m. throughout the Season.

## NOTICE.

## THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN &amp; MORTGAGE CO. LTD.

The Twenty-Fourth Ordinary Annual Meeting of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, St. George's Building, No. 6 Connaught Road, on Thursday the 24th March 1921, at 11 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December 1920, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Thursday the 17th March 1921 until Thursday the 24th March 1921, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

## HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Com. Y's Hotel, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 19th MARCH, 1921, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be closed from SATURDAY, 12th March, to SATURDAY, 19th March, 1921, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
J. H. TAGGART, Manager.  
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1921.

## NOTICE.

## THE HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the office of the Company, 2 Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on Tuesday, 29th March 1921 at noon for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1920.

The Share Register and Transfer Books will be closed from the 19th to the 29th March 1921 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
R. M. DYER, Chief Manager.  
Hongkong 7th March, 1921.

## REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

The approach roads to the above Hotel are closed temporarily for the purpose of regrading. Patrons are, therefore, kindly requested to use the steps opposite the main entrance until completion of such work.

## WAR MEMORIAL.

## SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

For the erection by Public Subscription, of a building to be run on Y.M.C.A. lines, to be called the "War Memorial Institute" and to be managed for the joint use of the Navy, the Army and Civilians by a Joint Board of Directors.

A portion of the sum raised will be devoted to the erection of a permanent stone memorial which will be put in hand at an early date.

Lists may be found at:—  
Messrs. Lane Crawford  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh  
Messrs. Moutrie  
Messrs. Wm. Powell Ltd.  
The Hongkong Club  
The Hongkong Cricket Club  
The Club Lusitano  
The Engineers' Institute  
The Victoria Recreation Club  
The Kowloon Cricket Club  
The Kowloon Bowling Club  
The Peak Club  
The Club de Recreation  
The Craigengower Club

M. J. BREEN,  
Hon. Secretary War Memorial Committee.

## HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

The following resolution was proposed and passed unanimously at the Meeting of Members held on 2nd March.

"That the Hongkong Gymkhana Club be wound up and that the Hongkong Jockey Club take over all Assets and Liabilities of the Hongkong Gymkhana Club." A Meeting of Members of the Hongkong Gymkhana Club will be held at the office of the Jockey Club, in Hongkong Club Annex, at 12.50 p.m. on Friday, March 8th for the purpose of confirming the above resolution.

## CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

The Forty-Third Ordinary Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Agent, Pedder's Street, on Friday the 18th March at 11.00 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1920.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 4th to 18th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
General Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th February, 1921.

## NOTICE.

We beg to inform the public that the firms of Messrs. Fook Lee & Company and the Hongkong branch of Thomas W. Simmons & Company have been amalgamated and in the future, business will be carried on by THOS. W. SIMMONS & COMPANY LIMITED.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NOTICE.

Mr. Frederick Thompson L.D.S. "Dental Surgeon" wishes to announce that he has removed from his offices at No. 50 Queen's Road Central to Mercantile Bank Buildings.

No. 7 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.  
(3 Doors from H.K. & S. Bank)

## PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Friday, the 18th March, 1921 commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street

202 Bags Tapioca Flour  
Terms: Cash on delivery.  
LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Saturday, the 19th March 1921, commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street

(For account of the concerned)  
93 Bolts Birkmyres Patent Tarapaulin Canvas  
16 Bolts Birkmyres Patent Cloth for Motor Car Covers.

104 Bolts Flax Canvas Nos. I, II & III  
35 Bolts Woodbury Cotton Canvas Nos. I, II & III  
5 Bolts Wool-berry Cotton Duck 8 oz.

Also  
A Quantity of Marline, Houseline & Hambroline

On view from Friday, the 18th inst.

Terms: Cash on delivery.  
LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Wednesday, the 16th March, 1921, commencing at 2.30 a.m.

at No. 16 Godown, Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon.

(For account of the concerned)  
160 Boxes Tinplates 14" x 18 3/4" (more or less damaged by sea-water)

Terms: Cash on delivery.  
LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Wednesday, the 16th March, 1921, commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street

A Quantity of High Class Havana, Manila and Dutch Cigars (all more or less damaged by water)

Note.—A Large proportion of the above are only label damaged. On view from Tuesday, the 15th inst.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.  
LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Friday, the 18th March, 1921, commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

A Quantity of Miscellaneous Goods

Comprising:—  
Motor Car Tyres (various sizes), iron safes, enamel, paint, iron ropes, safety razors, assorted brushes, etc. etc.

Terms: Cash on delivery.  
LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

## WANTED.

WANTED.—Britisher desires one or two furnished rooms, with or without board. Central district preferred. Reply with terms to Box 512 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

## LOST.

LOST.—On Star Ferry, leaving Hongkong at 3.15 p.m. on Sunday, a Kodak camera. Apply to A. Boysen, Netherlands Trading Society.

## LEFT.

LEFT.—Ladies' Umbrella in Kowloon Ferry on Sunday morning, at 8.30 a.m. Initialed E.A. on the gold band. Finder will be rewarded by \$10.00 if returned to Room 375 Hongkong Hotel.

## FOR SALE.

## MILNER'S SAFES

## APPLY TO

LAMMERT BROS., Duddell Street.

## FOR SALE.

One Hornsby—Ackroyd Oil Engine—3 1/2 Horse Power. Fuel: Kerosene. Complete with cooling apparatus in good condition. May be viewed by appointment at GUN CLUB HILL BARRACKS KOWLOON.  
Apply to the undersigned.  
LAMMERT BROS.

## HONGKONG BOXING ASSOCIATION

Next Tournament.  
MING YUEN GARDENS, THURSDAY, 24th March. Main Event  
Welterweight Championship.

"Sky" Kerrison v. Seaman Codlings (Holder)  
(Runner up Fleet champion 1920)

Booking, Moutrie's, MONDAY 21st Members only (on production current membership cards).

TUESDAY TO THURSDAY, 22nd to 24th  
General Public.

Special Trams will be run.

## CONCERT.

The St. Andrew's Church Men's Association will give their third Concert in St. Andrew's Church Hall, Kowloon, on Wednesday, 16th instant commencing at 9 p.m. Many well-known Artists are giving their services, including Lena and Tedo, Mr. Cyril Alan, and Professor Gonzalez.  
Admission will be free.

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

The First Gymkhana is fixed for Saturday April 2nd 1921. Draft Programmes and Entry Forms may be obtained at Race Course, Hongkong Club, and Causeway Bay Stables.  
Entries close Wednesday, 23rd March, 1921.

## HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.  
The Fifty-second Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the undersigned at Noon on Wednesday the 30th instant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 16th to the 30th instant, both days inclusive.

At this Meeting a Resolution will be proposed dealing with the remuneration to the Consulting Committee.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO. LTD., General Managers, Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Limited.  
Hongkong, 10th March, 1921.

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## THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

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"KEEMUN"	16th Mar.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"NINCHOW"	5th Apr.	London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
"THESEUS"	12th Apr.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"ATREUS"	19th Apr.	London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
"ELPENOR"	26th Apr.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg

## LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(Direct or via Continental Ports)

"TELAMON"	22nd Mar.	Havre & Liverpool
"KT. OF THE GARTER"	29th Mar.	Genoa, M'les, L'pool & G'gow
"IDOMENEUS"	12th Apr.	Havre & Liverpool
"AJAX"	19th Apr.	Genoa, M'les, L'pool & G'gow

## PACIFIC SERVICE

(via Kobe and Yokohama)

"TALTHYBIUS"	16th Mar.	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
"TYNDAREUS"	6th Apr.	
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## NEW YORK SERVICE

(via Suez or Panama)

"LAERTES"	27th March	via Suez
"IDOMENEUS"	12th April	for Liverpool
"PYRRHUS"	3rd May	for London
"ANCHISES"	10th June	for Liverpool
"TEIRESIAS"	7th July	for London

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## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

## THE ADMIRAL LINE.

The Steamship  
"ALLOWAY"

having arrived from New York via ports, on 15th inst., consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of The Hon. Shan Godown Co., 16 & 17 Kennedy Town Quay, Hongkong, and stored at consignee's risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godown where it will be examined at 2.30 p.m. on 21st inst. by the Co's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claim will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after 22nd inst. 1921, will be subject to rent.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

United States Shipping Board

Emergency Fleet Corporation

BARBER STEAMSHIP

LINES, INC.

Managing Agents.

The Admiral Line.

5th Floor Hotel Mansions.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1921.

## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

AND

## CHINA MUTUAL STEAM

## NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Co's Steamer

"IDOMENEUS"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 15th March.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 21st March, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 4th April, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1920.

W. S. BAILEY  
& CO., LTD.,ENGINEERS & SHIP-  
BUILDERS, HOK UN  
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## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

## "BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS

From LEITH MIDDLESBRO,  
LONDON and STRAITS.

The Steamship

## "BENLAWERS"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 19th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under- signed on or before the 26th March, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 19th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter- signed by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON

&amp; CO. LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1921.

## AMERICAN WOMEN IN POLITICS.

The idea of women breaking the lines of the existing American political parties by the formation of anything approximating to a women's party is roundly condemned by Mr. Nathan Miller, the newly-elected Governor of the State of New York. The Governor, who was the principal guest at the annual banquet of the League of Women Voters recently, bluntly informed the members that he was unable to see any excuse for the League's existence.

And then he made a vigorous attack on its programme of social legislation, which includes measures for State health insurance and old-age pensions, and which is headed by a proposal to abolish night work for women. Mr. Miller said that a prominent member of the League had told him that the object of this scheme was to throw women out of work in order that they could stay at home and bear and rear babies.

His retort to this argument won for him the only applause that he received during the evening. "I assert," he declared, "that the woman herself is the only individual who has the right to say whether she will bear and rear babies."

## WORLD WIDE SPORT.

Viscount Encombe, heir-presumptive to the Earl of Eldon, has been getting a trial to the Oxford University fifteen. He is a forward.

Jimmy Wilde is likely to meet Sharkey, the American, and Ledoux, the Frenchman, in the near future.

The Irish Leaguers were sometimes shouted to and addressed as "Sinn Feiners," and at other times as "Black and Tans."

The Welsh professional golf champion, Cyril Hughes, is bound for America.

Victor D'Arcy, the well-known English runner, is going to South Africa shortly.

A solicitor, representing as acting on behalf of Carpenter and Jack Dempsey, is now threatening to bring an action against Messrs. Brady and Cochran for abandoning the fight. Mr. Brady declares that he is quite willing to take the matter into Court.

The death is announced of W. U. Timmis, an old Oxford University "Soccer" Blue and Corinthian back. He was with the Corinthians on their recent tour in Scotland, and refereed the game at Craiglockhart. On that occasion not one free kick was awarded for objectionable play.

Should the Philadelphia cricketers visit Scotland next August, one match might well be played at Perth or Broughty Ferry and the other at Hawick or Selkirk. The cities are each to have a visit from the Australians. And during August most of the followers of Edinburgh cricket are out of town.

The overwhelming success of the British amateur boxers in the contests against the American arranged by the International Sporting Club has brought forth a chorus of praise from the sports specialists of the New York Press. "Our boys get the everlasting daylight pasted out of them, it was a sad and sickening thing that was visited upon them. The Brit shers were the superior boxers, and appeared to be better trained, though they came a long way to demonstrate the fact."

Lord Hawke is emphatically opposed to cricketers writing for the Press on games in which they take part. He hopes that no Yorkshire cricketer will be tempted into doing so. When the side is chosen for England next summer it should be made a condition that neither amateur nor professional shall write an article on the match for which he has the honour to be selected.

Tom Reece has declared that whatever happens he is not going to follow the lead of Smith and Inman and retire from the championship competition. "And if I win the championship," continued Reece, "neither Smith nor Inman will be allowed to masquerade under the title of 'undefeated champions,' for I shall be on the trail of both of them with £10,000 in one hand and a cue in the other." Reece suspects the chief reason for Inman's withdrawal was that he was afraid of getting beaten in the preliminary heats. "I assert," he declared, "that the woman herself is the only individual who has the right to say whether she will bear and rear babies."

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HONGKONG, CHINA &amp; JAPAN.

## DIRECTORS CHARGED.

## Business Methods of Farrow Bank.

Great interest centred in the Police Court proceedings at the Guildhall, London, against leading officials of Farrow's Bank, the failure of which was recently reported.

The defendants were Thomas Farrow (53), chairman and managing director; Wm. Walter Crotch (44), banker; and Frederick Duncan Y. Abram Hart, accountant. They were charged with publishing a false balance-sheet with intent to induce depositors and investors to entrust money and securities with the bank.

Sir Richard Muir, who opened the case for the prosecution, said that further charges would have to be added to those already formulated.

Counsel referred to a pamphlet which had been issued. It stated that the bank's progress had been one of continuous prosperity. It told of dividends of 6 to 7 per cent. paid to shareholders, and gave assets for each year since 1908 which showed an advance by continuously successive figures from £226,000 to £4,657,000. The balance-sheet to June 30, 1920, reported a net profit for the year of £53,450. The bank also held out as one of the distinguishing features that they allowed interest on approved current accounts.

So it appeared that the bank were issuing statements to encourage people to invest money with them.

## NEGOTIATIONS FOR SALE.

Counsel went into negotiations with Messrs. Norton, Read, & Co., of New York, with the object of acquiring the business of the bank, in which Mr. Crotch said that the auditors had each year insisted on writing down the assets and required a big margin for depreciation.

Mr. Reid on being elected a managing-director started to investigate the books, and great difficulty was experienced in gaining access to private ledgers. On November 8, the investigations had proceeded far enough to make it plain that the financial position of the bank was far different from what it had been represented, and Mr. Reid spoke to Mr. Farrow pointing out that though there was no binding contract until October 18 a debit

of £500,000 against the firm of Norton Read & Co., appeared in the bank's books on June 30. Mr. Read had an independent examination of the books made by Messrs. Morgan, as the result of which he informed Mr. Crotch and his solicitors that the bank was hopelessly insolvent. He thereupon took away the shares he had deposited as security, resigned his directorship, and communicated with the Treasury and Barclays Bank. It was obvious said Sir Richard Muir, that Crotch was a leading spirit, if not the leading spirit, in the bank.

## DIRECTOR'S "DEBITS."

Mr. Morgan estimated that the deficiency was to be measured by no less a sum than £2,800,000. On June 30 they professed to have a surplus and a reserve fund, but had a deficiency of £2,685,000. Counsel commented on the fact that some of the directors had huge debit balances standing against their names, and it was an amazing fact, in connection with one transaction that Crotch should have allowed a sum of £60,000 to stand to his debit when, according to him, he did not owe the bank a penny.

Sir Richard Muir characterised the deal in land as absolutely false and fraudulent. The false balance-sheets, he said, were in Hart's writing.

The public he added lost 17s. in every £1.

Evidence was then given. Henry Stritch Keogh, Upper Norwood, said he declined to sign the balance-sheets in 1919 and 1920 because he had no chance to verify the accounts.

## COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## BELGIAN DISCOVERY OF SILVER.

The discovery of important deposits of copper, silver, and antimony is announced from the Belgian Ardennes.

## SHANGHAI SHARE MARKET.

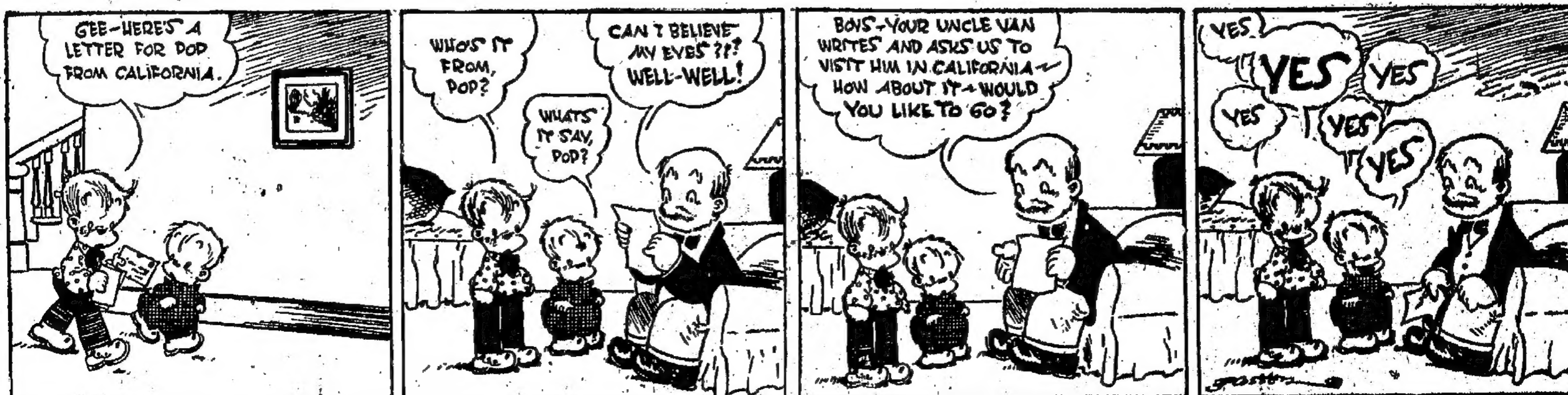
Messrs. A. L. Anderson & Co., Shanghai, in their circular dated 5th March, state:—Business has been a little quieter this last week, but prices have been well maintained and the tendency of falling exchange to strengthen Investment Securities is well marked. For the same reason prices of Rubber shares are a little better, but no great business is as yet possible in these. Debentures.—We have not heard of any business under this head-

ing, the reason being that the market is one sided, all buyers and no sellers. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.—At the meeting held in Hongkong on 26th ultimo, the Chairman took a gloomy view of the prospects of silver. Shares are wanted at \$790XD, the last recorded sale being \$812½ cum. Shanghai Lands.—The annual general meeting is advertised to take place on 16th inst. accounts not yet to hand. Shanghai Hotels Ltd.—The annual meeting will be held on 11th inst. accounts not yet to hand. Cotton Mills.—The General Managers of the Ewo, Kung Yik and Yangtzeppoo companies propose an amalgamation of the three into a new company to be called Ewo Cotton Mills (Ltd.) with a capital of 1,000,000. Ordinary shares of Tls. 5 each, and 10,000 8 per cent. Cumulative Preference of Tls. 100 each. Holders of the present Ewo shares will receive 20 new shares for each old one. Shareholders in Kung Yik will receive 2 new and Tls. 2.40 in cash for each old share, and shareholders in Yangtzeppoo will receive 5 new and Tls. 1.76 for 4 old shares; this will leave unissued 200,000 Ordinary shares. The present 7 per cent. Preference shares in the Ewo and Yangtzeppoo companies will be exchanged at par for the 8 per cent. Preference issue, leaving of these 1,000 shares unissued. The scheme is to be proposed in the first place at an extraordinary general meeting of Ewo C.S. and W. Co. to be held on 21st. Shanghai Sumatra Tobacco Co.—The annual meeting will be held on 18th inst. accounts not yet to hand. Shanghai Trams.—With a view to bringing the capitalization of the company more nearly into accord with the value of its undertaking, the directors have decided to recommend the increase of the capital from £330,000 to £400,000 and the capitalization of £80,000 of undivided profit by issuing as a bonus 8,000 fully paid shares of £10 each (giving one new share for every four shares now held). The new shares will not rank for dividends payable out of the profits of the year 1920. Notices of meetings to consider a second interim dividend of 6 per cent. (12½ per share less income tax payable on February 1) in respect of the year 1920. The distribution which is anticipated will be the same as last year will be announced in the usual course when the accounts for the year are ready for submission.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

California! O, Joy!

BY BLOSSER.





## SPARKLING MINERAL WATER.

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An exact production of the water of a famous European

Spa—Blends perfectly with Wines and Spirits—

especially Whisky.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing.  
Drink deep, or touch not the Pyerian Spring.  
There, shallow draughts intoxicate the brain,  
and drinking deeply sobers us again."

POPE.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1921.

## THE ANGLO-CHINESE UNIVERSITY.

During recent months the training of the youth of China in Western culture has engaged wide attention on the part of other countries. Something very much like a competition to secure the favour of Young China has been in progress. In London the China Association and others have been impressing upon the Government the importance of doing something to attract to England a larger number of the travelling Chinese scholars. According to a vernacular organ at Shanghai, the British Legation states that the Government in London has decided to return to China the Boxer Indemnity in order to promote education, and that an Anglo-Chinese University will be established in London in three months' time. The message, we imagine, must not be read quite literally. It is hardly likely that the Government has gone ahead of the proposal by allotting the whole of the indemnity when a part was suggested; and if it be correct that an Anglo-Chinese University is to be "established" in London in three months, the period presumably refers to the grant of the charter—they do not erect structures with the rapidity of Aladdin's Palace in these days. Assuming the correctness of the report, it is well to hear that the authorities at Home have moved in this matter, for, with the United States, France, and Japan making bids for these prospective trade missionaries, there was some little risk of John Bull being left out in the cold.

The United States led the way in the renunciation of the Boxer Indemnity, or its application to this purpose, and is reaping the fruit in the large number of Young China representatives who are gaining their knowledge of the Occident under the aegis of Uncle Sam. We are not quite sure whether it would be correct to congratulate the Administration at Washington upon its enterprise, because some writers have been assuring the world that the authorities were actuated by the purest altruism. Cultural or commercial—and in this connection the two cannot be entirely separated, whatever the intention—the United States showed foresight. On the whole our Chinese friends may be left to judge of motives for themselves. While the need of providing for China's educational need is being discussed, however, it is appropriate to mention that here in the Colony is a University where Chinese students can and do imbibe of Western civilisation, without being exposed in the same degree to the de-nationalising process; and, without prejudice to the plans at Home, we trust that Hongkong University will command a growing accession of Chinese students.

The purpose of the contemplated University in London is to secure a larger proportion of the students who desire to gain knowledge and experience overseas. There is no need to attempt any disguise of motive. Britain must seek not only to hold the Chinese markets that she has, but greatly to extend them, as her competitors are seeking to do. At the same time she will be helping to develop industry for the Chinese themselves, and indeed for the universe. As Mr. Alfred Sze, lately Minister in London, said on the eve of his departure for Washington: "Not only China and Great Britain, but the world as a whole, would benefit from the application of British capital and skill to the development of Chinese resources"; and he declared that Chinese students would be so many trade missionaries. In pointing to the development of trade, we are far from wishing to signify that this should be, or is, Britain's only purpose; it appears to us that one or two publicists at home have been afflicted with an excess of candour in laying all the emphasis upon the commercial link. Such a project affords an additional means of manifesting British goodwill towards China. The presence of Chinese students in the Old Country should not count for nothing in the promotion of harmonious relations, nor in the diffusion of culture. The British Government has not hastened, which gives stronger hopes for a well-thought-out scheme.

## NOTES &amp; COMMENTS.

## Scientific Slaughter.

The horrors of war are being intensified by man's inventiveness to a degree that makes all thought of future warfare appallingly hideous. Throughout the Great War and since, men of science have been devoting themselves to the perfecting of death-dealing agencies. Men have tasted poisonous gas and liquid fire, have suffered the highly-organised science of killing that modern warfare is, and yet there are new horrors being devised. Reuter told us yesterday that an officer in the United States Chemical Warfare Service claims to have discovered a liquid poison, three drops of which will kill anybody whose skin it touches. It is declared that it can be made to fall rainlike from nozzles attached to aeroplanes and that it will kill practically everyone in its path. Whether this particular invention can perform all that is claimed for it doesn't matter very much. The thing that does matter is that there is active competition between the scientists of the world to outvie each other in the invention of man-killing devices. Doesn't it all show that it is about time men became sane and realised that wars are an abomination and an insult to their intelligence? Is science going to carry us on to self-destruction; is the brain that man is endowed with going to prove his own undoing? Unless we get a cleaner internationalism and a realisation that war is madness, we shall inevitably go on to devise our own annihilation. Mr. H. G. Wells has written fantastical prophecies of the wars of the future, and there is room for genuine fear that his imaginations may come to be intelligent anticipations. A halt must be called in the production of these man-killing horrors, and, more important still, the governments of the world must realise that wars must pass the way of all evil things. We have learned a better way of settling matters than the way of the brute savage. And that better way must be practised.

## Troubled Ireland.

Every now and again little scraps of news filter through Reuter's service telling us of a continuance of the armed unrest in Ireland. Sometimes we go for days and there is never a mention of this turbulent little country; then there are scanty details of some new conflict between the Republicans and the military and Police. One might well ask how long all this kind of thing is going to be allowed to continue; how long it will be before the British Parliament realises that Ireland will never be pacified by the hopeless attempt to rule out political palliatives. And why cannot the people of the Empire be given the straight honest truth about Ireland, instead of just these bare uninformative official communiques? The Home Rule measure won't even satisfy; it may not even be allowed to work. Complete self-government has become something more than a political cry with southern Irishmen—it has become a religion. That fact must be boldly faced. It is all very well for the Imperial Parliament to say that it never can grant Ireland complete self-government, but it will have to choose between that and continual strife with the enthusiasts who have set their hearts upon it. Without going into all the old arguments we would like to express the hope that those who sit at Westminster will soon learn to view this Irish problem as being more urgent than they have been inclined to view it recently.

## A War Problem.

What to do with the \$400,000,000 worth of Germany-owned property seized in the United States during the war, has become a puzzling question. It is the theory of international law that the "alien property custodian" holds such property in trust during the war and when peace is restored it is returned to its former owners. German-American citizens have hoped and expected to get their property back. The Versailles Treaty sets aside the usual international practice by providing that this fund should be used to partially pay claims of Americans against Germany for American property seized or destroyed during the war. Germany is left the job of compensating "her nationals" in the United States for the alien property thus taken. As things stand there is no redress for either the Americans with claims against Germany, or Germans with claims against America, because technically the United States is still at war with Germany.

## DAY BY DAY.

TWO KINDS OF MEN ARE TO BE FEARED; HALF "CLERGYMEN AND HALF DOCTORS. ONE IS A MENACE TO THE SOUL, THE OTHER TO THE BODY.—*Ikbal All Shah.*

The Portuguese Minister with his wife will return to Peking from Macao in a few days, but owing an invitation from his old friend, Tang Shao-yeo, he will probably proceed via Canton to Hongkong.

The Department of Public Health at Canton has opened smallpox vaccination stations in various parts of the city and Honan, under the charge of district health officers. The public and private hospitals are also co-operating with the Health Department in giving free vaccination to the poor.

At the offices of the Public Works Department yesterday afternoon some Crown land on Shaui-wan Road (Inland Lot No. 2324) was sold by auction for a term of 75 years to Messrs Tam Wing On and Lo Yuk Tong for \$10,150. The lot has an area of 19,302 square feet, the upset price was \$9,651 and the annual rental is \$200.

It view of the inconvenience caused to the general public who patronise the public library at Canton by the presence of soldiers, an order has been issued by H.E. Gov. Chen Chiung-ming to have the small company of soldiers there immediately withdrawn. Further instructions were given that hereafter, no soldiers would be allowed to be stationed within the premises of the public library.

In the final of the Garrison Sergeants' Mess Billiards handicap played last night, S. Sgt. Marsh, R. A. S. C. (—200) beat Q. M. S. Stanley, R. A. P. C. (—250) by 500 to 445. The breaks were as follows:—Marsh:—26, 24, 23, 19, 18, 16, 14, 11 (3 times), 10 (3 times) and 19 unfinished. Stanley:—23, 17 (twice), 16 (twice), 14, 13 (twice), 12 (three times), 11, and 10 (twice).

The first new Portuguese mailboat to visit Macao, the Pedro Nunes, a former German vessel of several thousand tons, arrived there at 3 p.m. on Saturday, the 12th instant, but owing to the shallow water she had to anchor at Sarake, about ten miles off. She came from Lisbon with a number of naval and military ratings, ammunition, etc., and a few passengers for Macao, but she has transported some of her passengers and cargo at the ports of call en route. It is said that when unloaded she will come to Hongkong to be docked.

## CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

## Thirty Cases Last Week.

The main feature of last week's health return is the notification of 30 cases of cerebro-spinal fever, twelve of which were fatal. All were Chinese.

There were also two cases of small-pox (both fatal), two of enteric fever (non-fatal), and one non-fatal case each of diphtheria and paratyphoid fever. The last-named was an Indian and one of the enteric fever cases a Britisher, all the rest being Chinese. Three fatal Chinese cases of influenza were also reported.

## BILLIARDS.

## The Open Championship.

L. A. Osmund and A. J. Osmund (twin-brothers) will meet in the final of the preliminary rounds on Saturday, 19th March, to decide who shall play against P. Yvanovich for the Championship trophy. The game will be one of 1,000 up, to be played in two sessions commencing at 6 p.m. and 9 p.m. respectively. Mr. W. Farmer, of Canton, will have charge of the game.

## HO KONG-TONG CUPS.

At the Palace Hotel last night, R. Thomas (—175) defeated J. B. Golding (—300), 250-02. Highest breaks: Thomas, 27, 25, 21, 17, 16, 15; Golding, 52, 26, 25, 24, 20, 18, 16 (twice), 15.

E. Guimares (—200) beat W. E. Wilson (—50), 250-146. Highest breaks: Guimares, 36, 32, 26, 24 (twice), 21 (twice), 15 (twice).

To-night's Game.  
9 p.m.—J. P. Wilson (—200) v. E. Guimares (—200).

## AN ISLANDER'S DIARY.

(By "Ajax.")

There has been a loud whoop of joy in some quarters at the fact that the Constitutional Reform Association has addressed the Sanitary Board on the question of the removal of the Colony's rubbish. As someone remarked, the Association is now trying to justify its existence, but surely, when all is said and done, when the C. R. A. was formed nothing was further from the thought of its organisers than that the Association should dabble in municipal affairs. It was only when the Reform *kabutchas* saw the hopelessness of their agitation to reform our Constitution that they tried to represent to the public that the aims and objects of the Association embraced more subjects than the reforming of the Constitution. How far they will succeed in the altered policy time will tell, but it is conceded on all hands that there is a lot of work which the Association could perform without making the members look ridiculous, as in the past. It is emphatic that the name of the Association should be changed; it is quite likely that the members at the next meeting of the C.R.A. may raise this subject. In championing the public cause, the tendency is for bodies formed for the public weal to make themselves obnoxious by unnecessary and continuous heckling of the Government. We shall have to wait and see what future policy the C. R. A. is going to adopt.

Sufficient time, one would have imagined, has elapsed since the Government stated its intention to divide the old Post Office site into a number of lots and put them up to auction, for the notification to appear in the *Government Gazette*, giving the areas of the different lots. The question had been referred to the Public Works Committee of the Legislative Council, and it is stated that the lots have been demarcated, and will be advertised for sale "at an early date." A number of parties are in the market for the lots, two being Banks. It is suggested that the P.W.D. should provide for a road to run from Queen's Road to Des Voeux Road through the small lane now separating the Hongkong Theatre and the old Queen's Dispensary. It is a small lane which could be widened, thus giving the lots an extra frontage. The idea is well worth pursuing, as it seems feasible of execution. There is no doubt that in that case the lots would command a premium as the new road would enhance their value. It is hoped that no more time will be lost in putting the area up to auction. His Excellency is anxious that the old Post Office site should give room for better edifices, and in this connection it is not too much to expect that the authorities will get a move on in the matter.

What control has the Government over land that is allowed to remain undeveloped in the heart of the city? I am referring to a plot now being utilised for the storage of coal. Surely a valuable site like that could be put to better use. Have the authorities no power to compel the owners to build on the land?

It will interest many to learn that the Astor House building has been sold to a Chinese for \$480,000. It is quite likely that when the lease of the Astor House expires the structure will be pulled down and a magnificent new building go up on the spot. It is an old property; in fact, one of the oldest buildings on Queen's Road.

## THE BANVARD MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY.

## "Castles in Spain."

The talented members of the Banvard Musical Comedy Company were seen to excellent advantage again last evening, when the large audience at the Theatre Royal obviously enjoyed the gaiety of "Castles in Spain." Miss Viola Williams and Miss Isobel Horley held the house with their singing, and the whole cast was well adapted to the piece, which, with its delightful dances and witty interludes, to say nothing of the enchanting dresses, was well calculated to throw dull care to the winds.

To-night will witness the same engaging comedy.

## OUR GERMAN VISITOR.

## Accommodated in a Local Hotel.

In one of the local hotels there at present dwells a German who has proved himself a source of trouble to the local authorities. He is named Jorgensen. He was repatriated along with others of his Fatherland from Vladivostok, but on account of disaffection towards the Captain of the vessel, he was successfully got rid of and landed in Hongkong where his presence gives no little amount of anxiety to the Police into whose hands he has been committed by order of the Magistrate. He was on Saturday charged with disaffection towards the Captain of the vessel, and in spite of the evidence, was not fined, or sent to prison. The Magistrate took a lenient view of the case and beyond ordering the defendant off the ship, requested that arrangements might be made to send him on his way by another vessel. On the latter part of the decision the owners of the vessel, Messrs. Nemaze and Company, were concerned, for they were to look for the suitable vessel, and to have the responsibility of having the German on their hands during his stay here. It transpires now that no steamer could be booked for the German on his way home. The alternative of sending him back to Vladivostok is out of the realm of practical politics in view of the impediment caused by ice at the port of Vladivostok to incoming boats, and so a compromise has been effected. He is to be sent back to Shanghai by the first available vessel, but his stay here, short as it will be, will be rendered as little irksome as possible. Instead of the House of Detention which offers its obvious solution for cases of this character, he is to reside in one of the local hotels, until such time as a passage can be procured for him.

## ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.

## Association's Annual Meeting.

St. Stephens College Association held its fourth annual meeting, under the revised constitution at the College on Saturday. About 150 were present at the reception given by the Warden and Mrs. Howitt.

Committees were elected including a General Committee of representatives in Great Britain, America, Peking, Shanghai and Manila. In Canton, the members have formed a special branch which held a successful dinner at the Asia Hotel recently when a number of Old Boys holding prominent positions in Canton met to dine with Archdeacon Barnett, the founder of the College in England, Mr. S. W. Cheung is Secretary of the New Branch which meets in London. A successful smoking concert and cinema performance concluded the evening on Saturday.

## CRICKET.

## K.C.C. v. R.A.M.C.

This match was played at Happy Valley on Saturday, K. C. C. winning easily. Scores.

R. A. M. C.	
Cpl. Rhodes, b Capt. Spinks...	12
Sgt. Hollands, c Braga, b Capt. Spinks...	18
Capt. Tomory, c and b Capt. Spinks...	5
Corpl. Purton, b Overy...	7
Capt. Edwright, b E. F. Spinks...	4
S.M. Thompson, b Capt. Spinks...	4
Pte. Acres, c Benson, b E. F. Spinks...	0
Corpl. Savage, c Benson, b E. F. Spinks...	1
Pte. West, b Capt. Spinks...	1
Sgt. Rogers, not out...	4
Sgt. Wilkinson, b E. F. Spinks...	13
Extras...	4
Total...	75

K. C. C.	
G. J. Edwards, b Purton...	20
Capt. Spinks, Retired...	52
C. J. Stapleton, c West, b Tomory...	0
L. S. Bates, b Purton...	0
H. Overy, C. Rhodes, b Purton...	1
E. F. Spinks, b Purton...	0
O. B. Benson, b Hollands...	0
E. L. Braga, Retired...	0
B. E. G. Spinks, not out...	0
Extras...	0
Total...	195

## TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

It is an infallible sign of political tension when politicians begin to rake up each other's "pasta" in order to create prejudice. So it is that we are now being regaled with "What did Mr. Lloyd George say in 1886?" and "What did Mr. Asquith do in 1916?" There are not many politicians who can remain calm in face of these spectacles from the past. Chatham undoubtedly was an exception, but Chatham was an exception to most rules, and few could emulate the positive delight with which, in his middle period, he recalled his own early indiscretions in politics and trampled on them in face of the House of Commons. Most of the moderns are much more than skinned. The boldest orator has sometimes been put out of countenance by the spectacle of an opponent across the table delving into Hansard and ostentatiously making notes of past speeches. The "What I have said I have said" method of Joseph Chamberlain may serve sometimes, but the natural desire is to attempt to square past professions with present deeds, and there are few who escape successfully from the maze which they thus construct for themselves.

Courage (or effrontery—it depends on the point of view) is necessary in such cases, and few men can face a charge of inconsistency in the manner of Westbury, who, when elevated to the Bench, denounced in his cocksure way a certain reading of the law. Whereupon counsel handed up to him, without mentioning names, an opinion given by himself on that very case when at the Bar. He read it solemnly, and returned it, remarking that he was quite unable to understand how a barrister of such eminence as the writer of the opinion could have written it.

There has been an increase in the complaints of bad draftsmanship in Government measures. To the ordinary citizen, and perhaps to some M.P.'s, the whole business of drafting an Act of Parliament is a mystery. The laymen suppose that the Cabinet draws up bills, or at least that the work is done by the Department chiefly concerned, but it is really at an important public functionary that the shafts of members during debate, and of judges after a bill has become law, are directed. Originally the two Houses often drew up bills in consultation and at a large stage the work was left to Select Committees, the chairman of which had, as a rule, to undertake the work. It was not until 1837 that a permanent Parliamentary counsel to the Treasury was installed for this special purpose in connection with the Home Office, and not till 1869 that the present system was adopted.

There are now two Government draftsmen. The Cabinet decides that a certain measure shall be brought in; probably it appoints a Cabinet Committee to deal with it, and the Cabinet Committee gives to the draftsman a rough general idea of what it wanted. Then begins long and strenuous labour with much turning over of blue books, references to past legislation, conferences, and so on. Some Ministers—Mr. Balfour for instance—have been very popular with the draftsman from a power of grasping principles easily; others are much the reverse, and the present Prime Minister is supposed not to love these laborious details. At last the draftsman produces a complete bill, but his troubles are not ended. Ministers may accept amendments light-heartedly which involve serious alterations, and what was a neat bill becomes a patchwork Act by the time Parliament has finished with it.

Bishop Luqas, Mackenzie River, who lately preached at St. Paul's Cathedral, is in one sense at any rate, the loneliest Bishop in the world. His diocese, the third largest Anglican see in the Empire, extends for 800,000 square miles through the vast silences of the North West Territory, and borders on Arctic latitudes. Yet the whole population only averages a single soul in the square mile; the Church population only one in 500 square miles. The clergy are seven in number, with an Archdeacon as the Bishop's right hand. The ordinary churchgoer has no conception of the difficulties or immensities of Church work in the imitable parishes of the Far West.



Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

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STRAITS &amp; BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST &amp; 4th AFRIKA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND &amp; QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR &amp; ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

S.S.	Tons	From Hong-kong (about)	Destination
KARMAIA	9,000	19th Mar.	M'les, London & Antwerp.
KASHMIR	9,000	26th Mar.	M'les, London & Antwerp.
NANKIN	7,000	4th Apr.	M'les, London & Antwerp.
DUNERA	5,400	11th Apr.	S'pore, Colombo & B'bay.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

ARRATOONA.	4,510	17 Mar. 11 a.m.	Calcutta via Singapore.
KANOWNA	7,000	2nd May	Penang & Rangoon.

EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

EASTERN	4,000	5th Apr.	Melbourne via Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane and Sydney.
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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI &amp; JAPAN.

EASTERN	4,000	18th Mar.	Japan direct.
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WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 25ft. X 12ft. X 12ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to

**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**

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SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SEATTLE &amp; VICTORIA or VANCOUVER via Manila, Shanghai and Japan ports.

Cargo to Overland Points U.S. in connection with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee &amp; St. Paul Railways.

KASUMA MARU (Omitting Manila) Wednes., 20th Apr., at 11 a.m.

SUWA MARU ..... Friday, 6th May, at 11 a.m.

FUSHIMI MARU (Omitting Manila) Tues., 31st May at 11 a.m.

LONDON &amp; ANTWERP via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said &amp; Marseilles.

MISHIMA MARU ..... Friday, 18th Mar., at 11 a.m.

SABO MARU ..... Friday, 1st April, at 11 a.m.

KIPANO MARU ..... Friday, 15th April, at 11 a.m.

HAMBURG, AMSTERDAM, LONDON &amp; ROTTERDAM.

MITO MARU ..... Thursday, 24th March.

LIVERPOOL &amp; MARSEILLES via Suez.

MELBOURNE &amp; SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Island, Townsville &amp; Brisbane.

TANGO MARU ..... Monday, 28th Mar., at 11 a.m.

NIKKO MARU ..... Tuesday, 19th Apr., at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via Suez.

AKITA MARU ..... Tuesday, 22nd March.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.

WAKASA MARU (Sailing from Singapore) Friday, 29th April.

BOMBAY &amp; COLOMBO via Singapore.

BOMBAY MARU ..... Thursday, 17th March.

CALCUTTA MARU ..... Saturday, 23rd March.

CALCUTTA &amp; RANGOON via Singapore &amp; Penang.

MOROKAN MARU ..... Tuesday, 22nd March.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe &amp; Yokohama.

NIKKO MARU ..... Tuesday, 15th Mar., at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE &amp; YOKOHAMA.

INABA MARU ..... Friday, 18th March, at 11 a.m.

HEIJIN MARU (Kobe only) Sunday, 20th March.

NAGATO MARU ..... Monday, 21st March.

KAMO MARU ..... Thursday, 31st Mar. at 11 a.m.

For further information apply to— **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**

Telephone Nos. 292 &amp; 293.

S. YASUDA, Manager.

**JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN**Regular Fortnightly Service between  
**JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.**

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjiuwong	Shanghai	in port	14th Mar.	Java
Titaroom	Java	in port	20th Mar.	Japan
Tjibodas	Java	18th Mar.	24th Mar.	Shanghai
Tjiboeet	Japan	22nd Mar.	26th Mar.	Java
Tjikini	Shanghai	27th Mar.	29th Mar.	Java

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia."

ALSO OPERATING  
**JAVA PACIFIC LIJN.**  
NEXT SAILING.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjikombong	Java	25th Mar.	27th Mar.	San Francisco.

Through Bills of Lading issued to U.S.A. and Canadian Overland Points.

For Freight and Passage apply to the

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FIUME having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through B/Lading.

S.S. "TRIESTE" Sailing on or about 20th April.

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S.S. "BORNEO MARU" Sailing on or about 24th Mar.

FOR JAPAN.

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**DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.****AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.**HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS.  
SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer.	Arrives Hongkong from Australia.	Leaves Hongkong for Australia.
TAIYUAN	14th March.	18th March.

This steamer is fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc. and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

For Freight and Passage apply to

**Butterfield & Swire.**

Telephone No. 36.

Agents.

**"ELLERMAN" LINE.**

(ELLERMAN &amp; BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA &amp; STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM &amp; CONTINENT.

For	Steamer.	Sailing.
LONDON, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.	"VIGO"	4th April.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach the undersigned.

Subject to change without notice.

**THE BANK LINE, LTD.,**

or to REISS &amp; Co. Canton General Agents.

**GLEN AND SHIRE**

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

U.K., STRAITS, CHINA &amp; JAPAN Service.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel.	Due Hongkong.
"CARNARVONSHIRE"	17th March.
"PEMBROKESHIRE"	22nd March.
"GLENIFFER"	12th April.
"GLENGLYLE"	26th April.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel.	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharges.
"GLENARIFFE"	30th Mar.	GENOA, LONDON & ROTTERDAM.
"GLENAPP"	25th Mar.	GENOA, LONDON, H'AM & H'BURG.

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to—

**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.**AGENTS: **THE GLEN LINE, LTD.**

Telephone No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3698

COASTAL SHIPPING.

**INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamer	Sailing
HAIPHONG via Hoilow	Taksang	Wed., 16th Mar. at 3 a.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Yatshing	Wed., 16th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI & Teingtau	Hongsang	Wed., 16th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI via Swatow	Cheongshing	Thur., 17th Mar. at d'light.
TIENTSIN	Loongsang	Fri., 18th Mar. at d'light.
MANILA	Namsang	Fri., 18th Mar. at 3 p.m.
KOBE via Shanghai	Kwongsang	Sat., 19th Mar. at d'light.
SHANGHAI	Laisang	Sun., 20th Mar. at d'light.
STRAITS & Calcutta		Tues., 22nd Mar. at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line now affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Penang and Singapore; Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan occasionally calling at Shanghai.

All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light &amp; Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon. SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through tickets can be obtained and through Bills of Lading are issued all to Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hoilow when inducement offers.

BORNEO LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawso and Lahad Datu.

TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to Nov. between H'kong &amp; Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei &amp; Chefoo.

**CALCUTTA LINE.**

S.S. "YATSHING" will be despatched on or about Wednesday, 16th Mar., at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PENANG &amp; CALCUTTA.

S.S. "LAISANG" will be despatched on or about Tuesday, 22nd Mar., at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PENANG &amp; CALCUTTA.

Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, PORT SWETTENHAM &amp; MADRAS &amp; DUTCH EAST INDIES.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

**JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.**

General Managers.

Telephone No. 215.

**C. N. C.**

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail.
SHANGHAI	Soochow	17th Mar. at noon.
W'WEI, CHEFOO & T'HSIN	Huichow	17th Mar. at 3 p.m.
H'HOW, P'HOI & H'PHONG	Kailong	19th Mar. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & T'HSINGTAO	Chenan	19th Mar. at noon.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Chusan	22nd Mar. at 10 a.m.
AMOY, SHAI & PUKOW	S'nkang	22nd Mar. at noon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai (thrice weekly) and Tsingtau weekly, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze, and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE.—Weekly service to and from B'kok via S'ow.

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Hongkong Mar., 15 1921.

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For Swatow, Amoy and Foochow and Returns.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships.	Captain.	Leaving.
Hailong	W. C. Passmore	TUES., 15th Mar. at noon.
Hailong	W. Couper	FRI., 18th Mar. at noon.

Arrivals and Departures from the Co's Wharf (near Blake Pier.)

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**Douglas Lapraik & Co.,**

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**WATERHOUSE LINE.**

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Operating U. S. Shipping Board steamers.

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and

CHINA, JAPAN and PHILIPPINE ISLAND PORTS.

"WEST JAPPA" 15th March.

Further sailings to be announced later. Through B/Ls issued to all Overland Common points in U.S. and Canada.

For rates and full particulars apply to

**FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.**

1st Floor, Hotel Mansions.

Telephone 3507.

**MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.**

The N.Y.K. s.s. KAMO M. (European Line) left London for this port via Suez on the 19th Feb. and is expected here on the 30th March.

The s.s. ELPENOR (Blue Funnel Line) left Suez on 24th inst. for Hong kong and is due here on 20th Prox.

The B. L. s.s. SATSUMA, is due to arrive here from Shanghai on or about March 15th.

The B. L. s.s. ALLOWAY, is due to arrive here from New York on or about March 20th.

The A. L. s.s. GLYMONT, is due to arrive here from Saigon on or about March 15th.

The A. L. s.s. LAKE ONAWA, is due to arrive here from Saigon on or about March 25th.

The N. Y. K. s.s. BOMBAY M. (Bombay Line) left Kobe for this port via Moji on the 8th March and is expected here on the 16th March.

The N. Y. K. s.s. MISHIMA M. (European Line) left 8th March for this port via Moji and Shanghai and is expected here on the 17th March.

The T. K. K. s.s. TENYO M. arrived at Yokohama on the 9th instant and sails 11th inst., being due at Hongkong on the 20th instant.

The s.s. ANILOCHUS (Blue Funnel Line) left Suez on 4th inst. for Hongkong and is due here on 24th inst.

The s.s. KEEMUN, (Blue Funnel Line) left Yokohama on 10th inst. for London, Amsterdam &amp; Hamburg via Hongkong. Vessel is due here on 15th inst. and will sail, as above, on 16th inst.

The N. Y. K. s.s. HEIJIN M. (Calcutta Line) left Singapore for this port on the 11th March and is expected here on the 19th Mar.

The s.s. EGREMONT CASTLE, from New York arrived at Shanghai on the afternoon of the 11th and is expected to arrive here on or about 19th inst.

The A. L. s.s. CADARETTA, is due to arrive here from Saigon on or about April 5th.

The A. L. s.s. CROSSKEYS, is due to arrive here from Seattle Wash. on or about April 6th.

The A. L. s.s. COAXET, is due to arrive here from Portland Ore. on or about April 5th.

The N. Y. K. s.s. KAMAKURA M. (Liverpool Line) left Liverpool for this port via Suez, on the 26th February, and is expected here on the 10th April.

The s.s. PYRRHUS, (Blue Funnel Line) left Suez on 9th inst. for Hongkong and is due here on 1st April.

The N. Y. K. s.s. INABA M. (European Line) left Singapore for this port on the 12th March, and is expected here on the 18th March.

The R. M. S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN arrived at Nagasaki on 12th March 5 p.m. left there 13th March 6 a.m. was due at Shanghai on 14th March noon, left Shanghai 10 p.m. Monday, 14th March.

The B. L. s.s. APCAR, left Moji for this port and is due here on the 15th inst. at about 2 p.m.

The Barber Line s.s. BOWES CASTLE, left New York on Mar. 8th for Hongkong via Ports and is expected to arrive here about 12th May. Dodwell &amp; Co. Ltd., Agents.

The N. Y. K. s.s. IYO MARU, (European Line) left London for this port via Suez, on the 5th March and is expected here on the 14th April.

**TIDE TABLE.**

14th to 20th March, 1921.

Week of	Day of Month	High Water		Height	Low Water		Height
		Hongkong Mean Time	ft.		Hongkong Mean Time	ft.	
Mon. 14	11	67	6.1	5	5.63	2.4	
Tues. 15	11	1	6.2	5	5.53	2.5	
Wed. 16	11	1	6.2	5	5.43	2.6	
Thurs. 17	11	1	6.2	5	5.33	2.7	
Fri. 18	11	1	6.2	5	5.23	2.8	
Sat. 19	11	1	6.2	5	5.13	2.9	
Sun. 20	11	1	6.2	5	5.03	3.0	



